



Hiller Highlands I Association

Spyglass Hill & Hiller Road Oakland, California 94618 November 18, 2019

Prepared by: D.L. "Dan" Huntley, RS Tamarra "Tammy" Axton, PRA Ray Axton, PRA

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Reserve Study Professionals credentialed by Community Association Institute (RS) and Association of Professional Reserve Analysts (PRA)

HILLER HIGHLANDS 1 ASSOCIATION

Executive Summary

Fiscal Year of Report

January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020

Number of Lots 34

Parameters

Beginning Balance \$179,950.03

Fiscal Year 2020 Required Contribution \$40,086.00

Average Monthly Reserve Assessment Required Per Lot \$98.25

Prior Year's Actual Contribution \$40,000.00

Fiscal Year Projected Interest Rate 0.10%

Fiscal Year Inflation Rate 2.70%

Annual Increase To Required Contribution 3.32%

Lowest Cash Balance Over 30 Years (Threshold) \$154,737.00

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P.O. Box 38 Shingle Springs, California 95682 800-301-3411-Office



Attached herewith is the reserve study (physical and financial analysis) for the Association. Interest from reserve savings accounts must stay in the reserve account(s) and not be used as an offset against monthly assessments.

When the term Limited Common Area is used it is assumed the Association is maintaining certain Limited Common Areas but not all. One would need to read the Declaration (CC&R's) to determine responsibilities of the Association and of the Owners.

You are encouraged to thoroughly review this document and its individual reports for conformity to the description of responsibility for the Association's Common or Limited Common Area as defined in your Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions. In addition, please pay close attention to the reserve bank balance estimated to be on hand by your staff. **Any discrepancy in the figure or interest rate can have a significant effect on the reserve study and the outcome of the assumptions shown**.

The intention of the reserve study is to forecast, as they wear out in future years, the Association's ability to repair, replace, restore or maintain major components with a life expectancy of over one year and an estimated cost of over one thousand dollars. The reports will provide the Association's Board of Directors (Board) the information necessary to make the reserve projection disclosures required by existing statutes, lender's requirements, or the governing documents.

The cost outlined in the reserve study is subjective in some areas, therefore we may use costs submitted by the Declarant, Management or the Board, and are for budgetary and planning purposes only. Actual bid costs would depend upon the defined scope of work at the time the repair, replacement or restoration is done, and on actual price levels prevailing at the time the future repair, replacement, or restoration must be done.

The estimates on future repair, replacement and restoration in the reserve study will be good faith estimates and projections, based upon the estimated future inflation rate and interest (yield) on the monies set aside which may or may not prove accurate. Consultant submits that the probability that it may project in its reserve study, or that the Board could project in its disclosures, future costs or actual future remaining useful lives of components having useful lives extended beyond one year with precision is the functional equivalent of winning the lottery (while it may happen in rare instances by chance, one may not reasonably expect it to happen). As a result, Consultant cannot, and does not, warrant or guaranty its projections. Assumptions on future costs and life expectancy's should be reviewed and adjusted on an annualized basis, as current and future cost projections and life expectancy's become more uncertain.

This reserve study is limited to an off-site, on-site or plan take-off physical analysis of the property, and as such did not disturb the major components. Therefore, all Common and Limited Common Areas for which there is no access without defacement are specifically omitted. However, if sufficient historical data including costs were available that would allow a reasonable projection of future expenditures for any unobserved components, e.g., plumbing, utilities, electrical wiring, those components could be included in the reserve study and may require an engineer's report.

Since no destructive testing was undertaken, this reserve study, as stated above, does not purport to address any latent and/or patent defects, nor does it address any life expectancies that are abnormally short due either to improper design or installation, or to subsequent improper maintenance. It is assumed that all components are to be reasonably maintained for the remainder of their life expectancy.

The seal below the signature is evidence that the reserve study was performed under the guidelines and policies of the Association of Professional Reserve Analyst and the Community Association Institute.

Sincerely,

Tamarra "Tammy" Axton, PRA Ray Axton, PRA D. L. "Dan" Huntley, RS

Association of Professional Reserve Analyst-APRA-(PRA) Community Association Institute-CAI-(RS) Reserve Specialist







EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

At the direction of the Association that recognizes the need for proper reserve planning, we have prepared a reserve study (physical and financial analysis) of the Association's Common or Limited Common Areas and submit our findings in this report. The purpose of this reserve study is to establish a reasonable yearly reserve contribution necessary to meet future expenditures for major replacements or repairs of the Common or Limited Common Areas in compliance with California Statutes under Civil Code 5500 that components have a life expectancy of more than one year and less than thirty years.

All major common components are likely to require capital repair or replacement over the next thirty years. Our analysis considered current and future costs of replacement for the subject Common or Limited Common Areas, the average annual fund balance, interest on invested funds, and anticipated inflation. Based on the investigation and analysis as detailed in the accompanying narrative, the attached *CURRENT ASSESSMENT FUNDING MODEL PROJECTION* report details the average reserve contributions that are recommended to fund the expected capital expenditures of the subject Common or Limited Common Areas over the next thirty years.

We arrived at these recommendations in part by matching the anticipated expenditures noted in the *ANNUAL EXPENDITURE DETAIL* against current fund balances and the annual levels of funding. **Reserve funds would not become depleted within the next thirty years at the levels of funding recommended.**

The CURRENT ASSESSMENT FUNDING MODEL PROJECTION enumerates the details regarding recommended annual reserve contributions and projected year-end reserve balances. We recommend, in accordance with state statutes, subsequent yearly off-site updates of this reserve study and an on-site physical analysis every three years to confirm that the recommended reserve contributions are appropriate in view of possible changes in the property, components not completed as detailed in the expenditure report, interest rates, inflation rates, costs, and movement of any excess operating funds to the reserve savings accounts as approved by the membership.

It is necessary that regular maintenance of the Common or Limited Common Areas be done to insure maximum useful life and optimum performance of the reserve components. Components of concern include items associated with water intrusion and safety.

Checklists developed by Reed Construction Data, Inc., can be accessed, photocopied or downloaded from the RS Means web site at www.rsmeans.com/supplement/67346.asp. We strongly urge the Board to use these forms.

NARRATIVE REPORT

The following reports illustrate our recommendations and observations concerning anticipated expenditures, recommended reserve funding and projected fund balances during the next thirty years.

We have not investigated the title to or any liabilities against the property subject to this report.

At the direction of the Association, which recognizes the need for proper reserve planning, we have made a reserve study (physical and financial analysis) of this community and submit our findings in this report.

The purpose of this study is to establish a reasonable yearly reserve contribution necessary to meet future expenditures for major replacements or repairs of the common components of the Association as of the beginning of its fiscal year.

Reserves for replacement are estimates of that amount of money that must be put aside to repair or replace major items or building components that will wear out before the entire facility or project wears out.

State law, such as that found in California, Oregon and Washington, clearly establishes the fiduciary duty of "Boards" and the necessity for adequate assessments including reserve funds. The legislative intent of these acts is to better protect current owners and future buyers of units in community associations. Reserving funds for future repair or replacement of the shorter-lived building components is also one of the most reliable ways of protecting the future market value of an individual's investment property from the deleterious effects of special assessments.

For the purposes of this study, the detailed cash flow analysis is limited to those components or elements that are likely to require replacement or major rehabilitation during the next thirty-year period. Replacement of an entire planned development or condominium in 50 to 75 years is not a typical event. Preventive maintenance generally extends the useful life of many components. As such, estimating useful lives beyond thirty years from the date of this study is indeterminate and it is recommended that periodic updates of this study be made to consider actual facts and circumstances regarding extended or diminished component lives, inflation, and appreciation of the reserves.

Our investigation included Common and Limited Common Areas as set forth in your declaration associated with the property of the Association. Excluded from our consideration was all other property, including land, property owned individually by unit or home owners, personal property, and intangible assets.

Expenditures relating to the operating budget and apart from reserves are excluded from this reserve analysis. It is our understanding that the operating budget and future operating budgets will provide for the on-going normal maintenance of common elements unless specifically identified in the component description on the *DETAIL REPORT BY CATEGORY*.

Our report comprises:

This letter, that sets forth the nature and extent of the investigation, identifies the classes of property considered, and presents the conclusions reached.

An Executive Summary identifies the property, current reserves, recommended reserve funding, and projections concerning reserve funding.

Consideration and Methodology

The purpose of this study is to estimate the amount of yearly reserve contributions necessary to meet future expenditures for major replacements and repairs of the common area components of the Association without a special assessment however, with this Association Special Assessments are required. We reviewed the property subject of this investigation and considered the following:

- ► Local costs of material, equipment and labor combined in the cost factor,
- The current and future costs of replacement or repair for the common components as detailed in the *DETAIL REPORT BY CATEGORY*,
- ► The cost of removal if required of the worn out components as part of the cost of replacement,
 - ► The anticipated effects of inflation on the amount to be reserved annually,
 - The anticipated effects of appreciation of the reserves over time in accord with your average current return or yield on investments. We were informed all accrued interest on Association investments would be included within the reserve funds.
 - The past and current maintenance practices of your Association and their effects on remaining lives.

We have not considered as part of the reserve contributions the amounts required for yearly maintenance activities.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

This study indicates that based on the anticipated expenditures noted in the ANNUAL EXPENDITURE DETAIL report, the current reserves and annual recommended levels of funding is adequate to avoid future special assessments. Reserves may or may not become depleted within the next thirty years at current recommended levels of funding providing, the Association approves the recommended Special Assessments as indicated in the reserve study. See Current Assessment Funding Model Summary for further details.

ASSUMPTIONS, SCOPE, AND LIMITED CONDITIONS

To the best of our knowledge, all data set forth in this report are true and accurate. Although gathered from reliable sources, no guarantee is made nor liability assumed for the accuracy of any data, opinions, or estimates identified as being furnished by others or ourselves that have been used in formulating this analysis.

No soils analysis or geological studies were ordered or made in conjunction with this report, nor was any water, oil, gas, coal or other subsurface mineral and use rights or conditions investigated.

Any latent defects will not be a part of the reserve study. Should we find signs of possible latent defects or problems not within the scope of the reserve study, the Association will be notified so that the Association can retain the proper experts. However, the study will not be designed to uncover any possible latent defects, and the absence of any indications to such effect will not be, and should not be construed to be, an indication that there are no defects not so noted, or that we warrant the absence of any such defects.

Substances such as fungi, mold, asbestos, lead paint, urea-formaldehyde foam insulation, termite control substances other chemicals, toxic wastes, radon gas, electro-magnetic radiation or other potentially hazardous materials (on the surface or sub-surface) could, if present, adversely affect the validity of our reserve study. Unless otherwise stated in our reserve study, the existence of hazardous substances, that may or may not be present on the property, will not be considered nor will there be any inspection for termites. Our opinions are predicated on the assumption that there is no such material on or in the property nor existence of termites. No responsibility is assumed for any such conditions, and you are advised that we are not qualified to detect such substances, quantify the impact, or develop the remedial cost.

The Association needs to review each line item in the reports to be certain corrections are made from information the Association may possess that we are not aware of. It is assumed in our reserve study that no additional work, or expenditures from the reserve funds have occur for the balance of the last fiscal year. If this is not correct, the Association needs to let us know what extra work was done and how much money was be spent.

This physical analysis was made by individuals generally familiar with real estate and building construction and 30 years experience preparing reserve studies; however, no invasive testing was performed. Our report does not consider electrical wiring, plumbing or utilities that may be the responsibility of the Association. Accordingly, we do not opine on, nor are we responsible for, the structural integrity of the property, including, but not limited to, its conformity to specific governmental code requirements, such as fire, building safety, earthquake, occupancy, land movement and/or slides, or any physical defects that were not readily apparent in our physical analysis. This reserve study is not an engineering study.

The cost outlined in the reserve study is subjective in some areas; therefore, we may use costs submitted by the Association that are for budgetary and planning purposes only. Actual bid costs would depend upon the defined scope of work at the time the repair, replacement or restoration is done, and on actual price levels prevailing at the time the future repair, replacement or restoration must be done. The estimates on future repair, replacement and restoration in the reserve study will be good faith estimates and projections, based upon the estimated future inflation rate and interest (yield) on the monies set aside which may or may not prove accurate. We submit that the probability that the Board may project in its reserve study or disclosures, future costs or actual future remaining useful lives of components having useful lives extended beyond one year with precision is the functional equivalent of winning the lottery (while it may happen in rare instances by chance, one may not reasonably expect it to happen). As a result, we cannot, and do not, guaranty its projections. Assumptions on future costs and life expectancies should be reviewed and adjusted on an annualized basis, as current future costs projections and life expectancies become more uncertain.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICE CONDITIONS

The services provided by Reserve Studies by Reserve Funding were performed in accordance with our professional practice standards. Our compensation is not contingent in any way upon our conclusions. We assume, without independent verification, the accuracy of all data provided to us. We will act as an independent contractor. All files, work papers or documents developed by us during the course of the engagement will remain our property.

Our report is to be used only for the purposes stated herein. Any use or reliance for any other purpose, by the Association or third parties, is invalid. The Association may show our report in its entirety to those third parties that need to review the information contained herein. No reference to our name or our report, in whole or in part, in any document the Association prepares and/or distribute to third parties may be made without our written consent.

You shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Reserve Studies by Reserve Funding and its employees and subagents, who were or are a party or are threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending, or completed actions, suits, or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative by reason of the fact that Reserve Studies by Reserve Funding and its employees and subagents, are or were the authorized representatives of the Association, as to any expense, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by Reserve Studies by Reserve Funding and its employees and subagents, in connection with such action, suit, or proceeding, if Reserve Studies by Reserve Funding and its employees and subagents acted in good faith and in a manner Reserve Studies by Reserve Funding and its employees and subagents reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interest of the Association, and with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe their conduct was unlawful.

We have prepared an initial draft of the study and will make one adjustment to the report upon a written request from the Association within 30 days of the date the initial draft of the study is sent to the Board.

We reserve the right to include your Association's name in our client list, but we will maintain the confidentiality of all conversations, documents provided to us, and the contents of our reports, subject to legal or administrative process or proceedings.

These conditions can only be modified by written documents executed by both parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Tamarra "Tammy" Axton, PRA Ray Axton, PRA D. L. "Dan" Huntley, RS

Association of Professional Reserve Analyst-APRA-(PRA) Community Association Institute-CAI-(RS) Reserve Specialist

Hiller Highlands I Association Category Detail Index

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1003	Asphalt: Repairs	2022	40
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Concre		2020	. ~
1061	Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	2020	45
1013	Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	2020	47
Decks			
1028	Decks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1 & D2	2037	49
Doors			
1031	Doors: Storage-Replace	2036	50
Fencin	p		
1071	Fence: Wood-Replace	2021	51
1009	Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Replace	2020	89
1012	Walls: Stucco-Repairs	2020	92
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	ds Components	2024	<i>c</i> 2
1040	Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	2024	62
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1050	Landscape: Irrigation-Valves-Replace	Unfunded	55
Landso	aning		
1049	Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Replace	2024	52
1060	Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression	2023	54
1038	Landscape: Smart Controller System-A	2042	57
1072	Landscape: Smart Controller System-B	2043	59
1074	Landscape: Tree Renovation	2029	61
1067	Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles	2034	69
1018	Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair/Replace	2020	70
1010	Eighting, I interes Succe Eight Repull/Replace	2020	7.0
Lightin	g		
1073	Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/Replace	2045	63

Hiller Highlands I Association Category Detail Index

Asset I	DDescription	Replacement	Page
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1054	Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace	2024	66
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	Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2	2020	72
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1058	Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	2020	76
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1055	Paint: Metal Railings	2023	79
1066	Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench	2024	80
1034	Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	2020	83
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1027	Railing: Metal-Replace	2031	81
1053	Railing: Wood-Replace	2022	82
Signs			
1016	Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace	2021	85
Utilitie	s		
1070	Utilities: Electrical-Replace	2034	86
1052	Utilities: Waste Product-Line-Replacement	2051	87
1062	Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replacement	2039	88
Walls			
1022	Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs	2020	90
	Total Funded Assets	41	
	Total Unfunded Assets	<u>1</u>	
	Total Assets	42	

Report Date	November 18, 2019
Account Number	Level III Off-Site
Version	1 (2020) Level III
Budget Year Beginning	January 1, 2020
Budget Year Ending	December 31, 2020

Total Units

Report Parameters					
Inflation	2.70%				
Interest Rate on Reserve Deposit	0.10%				
2020 Beginning Balance	\$179,950				

Current Assessment Funding Model Summary Cash Flow Time Value of Money With Threshold

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BUSINESS JUDGEMENT RULE

(as we understand it)

The business judgment of the Board require that board members make ordinary and reasonable inquiry before making a decision. They are protected if they act in good faith, with the best interests of the Association and with such care as an ordinary prudent and reasonable person in a like position would use.

- This reserve study is for budget and planning purposes and identifies the status of the reserve fund and schedules the anticipated major commonly owned item replacements.
 - This reserve study will also estimate the expected useful life and remaining useful life of the building and site components or systems and will provide an estimate replacement or refurbishment cost for those components or systems. Major components or systems may include, but are not limited to, painting, gutters and downspouts. mailboxes, roofing, siding, windows, doors, paving, mechanical equipment, common area furnishings and amenities and other commonly owned systems or items.

- The scope of work identified within our contract is to provide the association with a Level III Off-Site-reserve study which includes:
 - Component/System Inventory
 - Expected Useful Life and Remaining Useful Life Estimates
 - Condition Assessment (based upon on-site visual observations)
 - Component/System Replacement Schedule and Estimated Pricing
 - Identify Current Reserve Account Balance
 - 30 Year Funding Plan

• How to Use a Reserve Study

The documents included within the reserve study are intended to be used as guidelines and estimates. It is nearly impossible to know exactly when a building component system will fail; however, an estimation of useful life based on similar product history and professional experience is used to estimate the time of replacement and associated costs. All costs included within this reserve study should be used as budgeting figures. For exact pricing, a qualified, licensed contractor should be contacted to provide a bid for any anticipated replacements.

The replacement schedule lists all known components and systems that are anticipated to "wear out" or fail within 30 years. Items which are anticipated to be replaced or repaired in the current year are not included within the reserve study as those items should already be budgeted for and scheduled to be replaced or repaired.

On the reserve schedule, review which items are anticipated to fail in the near future and keep a close eye on them. It is always better to replace items prior to failure to eliminate the opportunity for surrounding components or associated systems to be affected. Be cognizant of items scheduled for replacement or repair within 2-3 years of the current year. Remember, items listed are scheduled based on history and replacement or repair is scheduled as an estimate. Items commonly fail sooner or later than the estimated date.

Disclosures

- General The Hiller Highlands Association reserve study and Reserve Studies by RF have no professional or personal involvements with each other, other than the scope of work identified in the reserve study contract. This relationship cannot be perceived as a conflict of interest.
- Physical Analysis On-site observations were limited to visual observations only. Destructive
 testing (invasive testing) was not performed. Any items that were not clearly visible at the time
 of the site observation were not viewed, and therefore were not included in the drafting of this
 reserve study.
- Measurements Measuring and inventory (+/- 10%) were identified via a combination of onsite physical measurements, previous reserve study and/or drawing take-offs. Drawing sets (if used) were provided by the property manager or Declarant for our use relating only to the reserve study scope of work.
- Completeness Reserve Studies by RF, in its limited review, has found no material issues which, if not disclosed, would cause a distortion of the Association's situation as this is a budget and planning tool study and not a building assessment or building envelope study. Subflooring issues have not been included as there is no data provided to anticipate costs or useful life.
- Reliance on Client Data Data received from property management, association representatives and/or Declarant is deemed reliable by Reserve Studies by RF. Such data may include financial information, physical deficiencies or physical conditions, quantity of physical assets, or historical issues.
- Scope The Reserve Study is a reflection of information provided to the Consultant and assembled for the Association's use, not for the purpose of performing an audit, quality/forensic analysis, or background checks of historical records.
- Reserve Balance The actual or projected (estimated) total presented in this reserve study is based upon information provided or collected and was not audited.
- Reserve Projects -Information provided or collected for the purpose of this reserve study will

be considered reliable and should not be considered a project audit or quality inspection.

- Adjustments to Reserve Study Should components suggested by Consultant be removed from the reserve study or any life cycles or costs other than current bids, engineering construction standards, or current component history be used in this reserve study the Client accepts full responsibility for the results of the reserve study and is not warranted by Consultant.
- Information Provided Quantity, design and material information included in this report was provided in part by the Association and is subject to course of construction changes.
- Limitations on Inventory -The following items, but not limited to, may not be included in the physical analysis because they have a useful life greater than 30 years. Grading/drainage, foundations/footings, party walls, sub floors, unfinished floors, concrete stair surfaces, windows, doors, plumbing system, flues (chimneys), air delivery or return systems, ducts, chutes, conduits, pipes, plumbing, sanitary sewage and storm drains, wire, telephone, cable, central television system, sprinklers systems and internet lines.
- Warranty or Guaranty This reserve study and its recommendations should not be construed in any way to constitute a warranty or guaranty regarding the current or future performance of the components. Components will be replaced as required, not necessarily in their expected replacement year.
- Annual Updates Often times there can be a significant expenditure in those years that exceeds the life of the reserve study. Hence, annual updates should be done to allow adjustments in the reserve contribution each year if required.
- <u>Tax Consequences The tax consequences are not considered in this reserve study due to the uncertainty of all factors affecting net taxable income and the election of the tax form to be filed.</u>
- We recommend a building envelope (water intrusion) inspection every twelve years and a roofing inspection every six years (not funded in the reserve).

• Preparation of a Reserve Study

Data is collected from many sources to prepare a reserve study and a variety of document reviews, interviews, and site observations are required to adequately fulfill our duties as a reserve provider. The following sources and methods were utilized in preparation of this reserve study document:

- Property Management Personnel Interviews
- As built Plans and Specifications Document Reviews
- On-site Observations
- In-house company consultations with accredited RS and PRA personnel
- Discussions with Engineering or Architectural Consultants
- RS Means Facilities Maintenance & Repair Cost Data
- Interviewing General Contractor Consultants
- A tabular list of commonly owned items has been developed and given a current condition grade, expected useful life, and remaining useful life. A portion of that data will determine in what year it is estimated the component should be replaced.
- Property Information
- Original Starting Date of Reserve Study Unless otherwise indicated, we have used January 1, 1966 to begin aging the original components in this reserve study.
- Number of Units/Lots and Location This reserve study is for a total of 34 Condominiums and/or the Residential Lots located in Oakland, California.
- Date of Last Reserve Study (if applicable) The last on-site Level II physical analysis done by Reserve Studies by Reserve Funding was completed on December 6, 2017 for fiscal year 2018.

• Infrastructure Exposure

The possibility of infrastructure system failures as buildings age such as, but not limited to, aluminum wiring, cast iron piping, polybutylene plumbing and coaxial cable may be a threat to the soundness of a building or the expected heath both physically and financially to all owners.

We strongly suggest the board have a qualified, credentialed, bonded and licensed engineer or architect inspect the infrastructure for any signs of failure or potential liability of any kind to owners and provide a written report to the board for future concerns and mitigation and the estimated cost for potential repairs, maintenance or replacement including expected remaining useful life.

Tests may include ultrasound, thermographic imaging, sonar imaging and video snaking.

These infrastructure components are not considered in the reserve study as they may be out of view (hidden) or beyond the expertise of the reserve study provider.

- NOTE: All interest accrued from reserve savings account(s) must remain in the reserve savings account(s) and not used as an off-set for operating expenses.
- A minimum threshold of \$154,737.00 has been used over the thirty years of this reserve study and a monthly reserve assessment of \$98.25 per Unit/Lot (\$40,086.00 total annually all Units/Lots) and an annual increase of 3.32% to reach 70% funded within the thirty years of the reserve study.

The industry standards for percent funded are:

0% to 29% - Poor

30% to 69% - Fair

70% to 100% - Good

This association is 47% funded on 12/31/2020 as it relates to being fully funded.

AFM Model Summary of Calculations

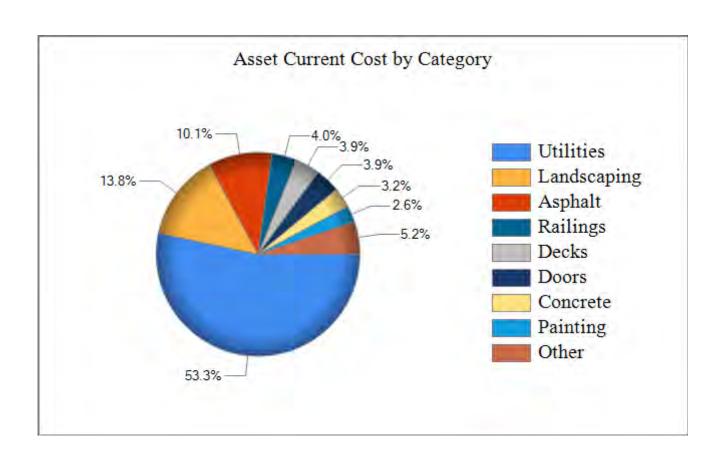
Required Month Contribution \$3,340.50
\$98.25 per unit monthly

Average Net Month Interest Earned \$11.38
Total Month Allocation to Reserves \$3,351.88
\$98.58 per unit monthly

Hiller Highlands I Association Base Assessment Funding Model Projection

Beginning Balance: \$179,950

Year Current Cost Annual Contribution Annual Interest Annual Expenditures Ending Reserves Funded Percent Funded 2020 785,631 40,086 137 65,185 154,987 329,917 47% 2021 806,843 41,417 173 4,399 192,179 372,041 52% 2022 828,628 42,792 193 22,120 213,043 398,122 54% 2024 873,978 45,680 232 26,593 253,163 449,537 56% 2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477<	U		,			Projected	Fully	
2020 785,631 40,086 137 65,185 154,987 329,917 47% 2021 806,843 41,417 173 4,399 192,179 372,041 52% 2022 828,628 42,792 193 22,120 213,043 398,122 54% 2023 851,001 44,213 213 23,626 233,843 424,408 55% 2024 873,978 45,680 232 26,593 253,163 449,537 56% 2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64%		Current	Annual	Annual	Annual	Ending	Funded	Percent
2021 806,843 41,417 173 4,399 192,179 372,041 52% 2022 828,628 42,792 193 22,120 213,043 398,122 54% 2023 851,001 44,213 213 23,626 233,843 424,408 55% 2024 873,978 45,680 232 26,593 253,163 449,537 56% 2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64%	Year	Cost	Contribution	Interest	Expenditures	Reserves	Reserves	Funded
2021 806,843 41,417 173 4,399 192,179 372,041 52% 2022 828,628 42,792 193 22,120 213,043 398,122 54% 2023 851,001 44,213 213 23,626 233,843 424,408 55% 2024 873,978 45,680 232 26,593 253,163 449,537 56% 2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64%								
2022 828,628 42,792 193 22,120 213,043 398,122 54% 2023 851,001 44,213 213 23,626 233,843 424,408 55% 2024 873,978 45,680 232 26,593 253,163 449,537 56% 2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 74,446 65% <tr< td=""><td>2020</td><td>785,631</td><td>40,086</td><td>137</td><td>65,185</td><td>154,987</td><td>329,917</td><td>47%</td></tr<>	2020	785,631	40,086	137	65,185	154,987	329,917	47%
2023 851,001 44,213 213 23,626 233,843 424,408 55% 2024 873,978 45,680 232 26,593 253,163 449,537 56% 2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65%	2021	806,843	41,417	173	4,399	192,179	372,041	52%
2024 873,978 45,680 232 26,593 253,163 449,537 56% 2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67%	2022	828,628	42,792	193	22,120	213,043	398,122	54%
2025 897,575 47,197 271 7,712 292,919 495,842 59% 2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58%	2023	851,001	44,213	213	23,626	233,843	424,408	55%
2026 921,809 48,764 319 342,003 552,454 62% 2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% <td>2024</td> <td>873,978</td> <td>45,680</td> <td>232</td> <td>26,593</td> <td>253,163</td> <td>449,537</td> <td>56%</td>	2024	873,978	45,680	232	26,593	253,163	449,537	56%
2027 946,698 50,383 353 16,687 376,052 594,625 63% 2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,217,1589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362	2025	897,575	47,197	271	7,712	292,919	495,842	59%
2028 972,259 52,056 403 1,746 426,764 654,476 65% 2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,71,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308	2026	921,809	48,764	319		342,003	552,454	62%
2029 998,510 53,784 396 60,246 420,698 657,095 64% 2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 <td>2027</td> <td>946,698</td> <td>50,383</td> <td>353</td> <td>16,687</td> <td>376,052</td> <td>594,625</td> <td>63%</td>	2027	946,698	50,383	353	16,687	376,052	594,625	63%
2030 1,025,470 55,570 401 50,319 426,350 671,245 64% 2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812<	2028	972,259	52,056	403	1,746	426,764	654,476	65%
2031 1,053,158 57,414 417 40,190 443,992 697,477 64% 2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461<	2029	998,510	53,784	396	60,246	420,698	657,095	64%
2032 1,081,593 59,321 457 19,064 484,705 747,446 65% 2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345<	2030	1,025,470	55,570	401	50,319	426,350	671,245	64%
2033 1,110,796 61,290 516 1,995 544,517 817,664 67% 2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485	2031	1,053,158	57,414	417	40,190	443,992	697,477	64%
2034 1,140,787 63,325 358 221,135 387,064 666,127 58% 2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,71	2032	1,081,593	59,321	457	19,064	484,705	747,446	65%
2035 1,171,589 65,427 381 41,654 411,218 696,270 59% 2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848	2033	1,110,796	61,290	516	1,995	544,517	817,664	67%
2036 1,203,222 67,599 401 46,863 432,356 723,362 60% 2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385	2034	1,140,787	63,325	358	221,135	387,064	666,127	58%
2037 1,235,708 69,844 388 82,305 420,283 716,308 59% 2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% <td>2035</td> <td>1,171,589</td> <td>65,427</td> <td>381</td> <td>41,654</td> <td>411,218</td> <td>696,270</td> <td>59%</td>	2035	1,171,589	65,427	381	41,654	411,218	696,270	59%
2038 1,269,073 72,163 450 9,904 482,991 784,985 62% 2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233<	2036	1,203,222	67,599	401	46,863	432,356	723,362	60%
2039 1,303,338 74,558 253 270,186 287,616 589,812 49% 2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2037	1,235,708	69,844	388	82,305	420,283	716,308	59%
2040 1,338,528 77,034 248 81,831 283,067 584,461 48% 2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2038	1,269,073	72,163	450	9,904	482,991	784,985	62%
2041 1,374,668 79,591 283 43,190 319,751 620,345 52% 2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2039	1,303,338	74,558	253	270,186	287,616	589,812	49%
2042 1,411,784 82,234 180 184,819 217,346 513,485 42% 2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2040	1,338,528	77,034	248	81,831	283,067	584,461	48%
2043 1,449,902 84,964 247 16,186 286,370 578,713 49% 2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2041	1,374,668	79,591	283	43,190	319,751	620,345	52%
2044 1,489,049 87,785 323 11,015 363,463 652,848 56% 2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2042	1,411,784	82,234	180	184,819	217,346	513,485	42%
2045 1,529,254 90,699 347 66,021 388,488 674,385 58% 2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2043	1,449,902	84,964	247	16,186	286,370	578,713	49%
2046 1,570,544 93,710 439 482,637 766,243 63% 2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2044	1,489,049	87,785	323	11,015	363,463	652,848	56%
2047 1,612,948 96,821 465 70,312 509,611 790,359 64% 2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2045	1,529,254	90,699	347	66,021	388,488	674,385	58%
2048 1,656,498 100,036 561 2,975 607,233 886,323 69%	2046	1,570,544	93,710	439		482,637	766,243	63%
	2047	1,612,948	96,821	465	70,312	509,611	790,359	64%
2049 1,701,223 103,357 604 59,747 651,447 928,672 70%	2048	1,656,498	100,036	561	2,975	607,233	886,323	69%
	2049	1,701,223	103,357	604	59,747	651,447	928,672	70%



Hiller Highlands I Association Oakland, California 94618

Component Summary

Description	QUI CS	Ser in	2º Tribiti	iso Agaig	gen jejtajar		in the state of th
Asphalt							
Asphalt: Overlay	117,635	25	22		0	246.01	7,855
Asphalt: Repairs	7,524	5	2		4,280	75.18	4,280
Asphalt: Seal Coat Asphalt - Total	7,081 \$132,240	5	2		<u>4,028</u> \$8,309	7 <u>0.75</u> \$392	$\frac{4,028}{$16,164}$
Benches							
Bench: Replace-Common Area Benches - Total	11,847 \$11,847	20	17		0	3 <u>2.14</u> \$32	1,130 \$1,130
Concrete							
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	20,902	10	0	4	20,902	126.28	20,902
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive Concrete - Total	<u>4,500</u> \$25,402	5	0	1	$\frac{4,500}{$25,402}$	4 <u>7.71</u> \$174	$\frac{4,500}{$25,402}$
Decks	40	• 0					
Decks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1 Decks - Total	48,677 \$48,677	20	17		0	1 <u>32.07</u> \$132	4,642 \$4,642
Doors							
Doors: Storage-Replace Doors - Total	46,863 \$46,863	30	16		0	13 <u>5.16</u> \$135	$\frac{14,279}{$14,279}$
Fencing							
Fence: Wood-Replace	2,550	20	1	_	2,359	8.78	2,359
Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Re Walls: Stucco-Repairs	2,402 782	20 15	0	6 11	2,402 782	9.43 3.59	2,402 782
Fencing - Total	\$5,734	13	U	11	\$5,543	\$22	\$5,543
Grounds Components							
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs Grounds Components - Total	1,453 \$1,453	5	4		<u>261</u> \$261	1 <u>3.82</u> \$14	261 \$261
Irrigation Landscape: Irrigation-Valves-Replace	unfunded						
Landscaping							
Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Rep	14,221	30	4		11,079	35.95	11,079
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppr Landscape: Smart Controller System-A	22,097 27,243	6 25	3 22		10,200 0	183.73 56.97	10,200 1,819
Landscape: Smart Controller System-A Landscape: Smart Controller System-B	13,582	25	23		0	27.16	589
Landscape: Tree Renovation	26,932	10	9		2,119	127.58	2,119
Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles	30,593	40	14		13,695	55.12	13,695

Hiller Highlands I Association Oakland, California 94618

Component Summary

Description	And Cos.	S Life	Solding.	go dig	de distribute		in the second se
Landscaping continued Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair Landscaping - Total	10,344 \$145,012	25	0	1	10,344 \$47,437	37.00 \$524	10,344 \$49,844
Lighting Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/R Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Repla Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/ Lighting - Total	487 651 656 4,361 \$6,155	20 5 25 5	25 4 4 4	6 20	$ \begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 491 \\ 496 \\ \hline 784 \\ \$1,771 \end{array} $	0.89 1.83 1.84 4 <u>1.48</u> \$46	$ \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 491 \\ 496 \\ \hline 784 \\ \$1,781 \end{array} $
Mailboxes Mailboxes: Replace Mailboxes - Total	12,058 \$12,058	25	20		0	27 <u>.77</u> \$28	1,415 \$1,415
Painting Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2 Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1 Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2 Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1 Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2 Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Uni Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Uni Paint: Metal Railings Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/B Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs Painting - Total	1,373 1,254 1,254 1,200 1,200 2,935 2,935 1,529 5,251 2,250 \$21,181	10 11 10 10 10 10 10 5 7	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 4	11 1 1 1 11 11 10	1,373 1,254 1,254 1,200 1,200 2,935 2,935 564 2,023 2,250 \$16,989	8.30 7.07 7.58 7.25 7.25 17.73 17.73 14.90 37.37 23.86 \$149	1,373 1,254 1,254 1,200 1,200 2,935 2,935 564 2,023 2,250 \$16,989
Railings Railing: Metal-Replace Railing: Wood-Replace Railings - Total	32,181 	30 20	11 2		15,204 	70.69 2 <u>5.32</u> \$96	15,204
Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace Signs - Total	1,849 \$1,849	20	1		$\frac{1,710}{\$1,710}$	6. <u>36</u> \$6	1,710 \$1,710
Utilities Utilities: Electrical-Replace Utilities: Waste Product-Line-Replac Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replace Utilities - Total	182,103 359,834 <u>225,392</u> \$767,329	40 35 45	14 31 19		$ \begin{array}{r} 39,059 \\ 0 \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline $39,059 \end{array} $	470.17 531.64 <u>546.62</u> \$1,548	81,516 18,006 <u>78,498</u> \$178,021

Hiller Highlands I Association

Oakland, California 94618

Component Summary

Description	وَ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا		Qenain's	so sign	gent distinct	Qedi Çâ	the factor of the second	
Walls Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs Walls - Total	11,853 \$11,853	25	0	28	11,853 \$11,853	4 <u>2.40</u> \$42	11,853 \$11,853	
Grand Total:	\$1,277,350				\$179,950	\$3,340	\$350,652	

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2020	
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	20,902
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	4,500
Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair/Replace	10,344
Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2	1,373
Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1	1,254
Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2	1,254
Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1	1,200
Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	1,200
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Unit 42	2,935
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Unit 48	2,935
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	2,250
Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Replace	2,402
Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs	11,853
Walls: Stucco-Repairs	782
Total for 2020	\$65,185
Replacement Year 2021	
Fence: Wood-Replace	2,550
Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace	1,849
Total for 2021	\$4,399
Replacement Year 2022	
Asphalt: Repairs	7,524
Asphalt: Seal Coat	7,081
Railing: Wood-Replace	7,515
Total for 2022	\$22,120
Replacement Year 2023	
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression	22,097
Paint: Metal Railings	1,529
Total for 2023	\$23,626
Total for 2023	\$23,020
Replacement Year 2024	
Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Replace	14,221
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	1,453
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace	651
Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace	656
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace	4,361

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2024 continued	
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench	5,251
Total for 2024	\$26,593
Replacement Year 2025	
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	5,141
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	2,571
Total for 2025	\$7,712
No Replacement in 2026	
Replacement Year 2027	
Asphalt: Repairs	8,596
Asphalt: Seal Coat	8,090
Total for 2027	\$16,687
Replacement Year 2028	
Paint: Metal Railings	1,746
Total for 2028	\$1,746
Replacement Year 2029	
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression	25,928
Landscape: Tree Renovation	26,932
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	1,660
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace	744 4,982
Total for 2029	\$60,246
Replacement Year 2030	
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	27,283
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	5,874
Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2 Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2	1,793 1,637
Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1	1,566
Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	1,566
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Unit 42	3,831
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Unit 48	3,831
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	2,937
Total for 2030	\$50,319

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2031	
Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1	1,681
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench	6,327
Railing: Metal-Replace	32,181
Total for 2031	\$40,190
Replacement Year 2032	
Asphalt: Repairs	9,821
Asphalt: Seal Coat	9,243
Total for 2032	\$19,064
Replacement Year 2033	
Paint: Metal Railings	1,995
Total for 2033	\$1,995
Replacement Year 2034	
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	1,897
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace	849
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace	5,692
Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles	30,593
Utilities: Electrical-Replace	182,103
Total for 2034	\$221,135
Replacement Year 2035	
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	6,711
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression	30,422
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	3,356
Walls: Stucco-Repairs Total for 2035	1,166 \$41,654
	Ψ11,001
Replacement Year 2036	46.062
Doors: Storage-Replace	46,863
Total for 2036	\$46,863
Replacement Year 2037	
Asphalt: Repairs	11,220
Asphalt: Seal Coat	10,560
Bench: Replace-Common Area	11,847

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2037 continued	
Decks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1 & D2	48,677
Total for 2037	\$82,305
Replacement Year 2038	
Paint: Metal Railings	2,279
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench	7,624
Total for 2038	\$9,904
Replacement Year 2039	
Landscape: Tree Renovation	35,154
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	2,167
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace	970
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace	6,503
Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replacement	225,392
Total for 2039	\$270,186
Replacement Year 2040	
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	35,612
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	7,667
Mailboxes: Replace	12,058
Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2	2,340
Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2	2,137
Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1	2,045
Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	2,045
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Unit 42 Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Unit 48	5,001 5,001
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	3,834
Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Replace	4,093
Total for 2040	\$81,831
D. J	,
Replacement Year 2041	1215
Fence: Wood-Replace	4,345
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace	35,695 3,150
-	
Total for 2041	\$43,190
Replacement Year 2042	
Asphalt: Overlay	117,635

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2042 continued Asphalt: Repairs	12,819
Asphalt: Seal Coat	12,065
Landscape: Smart Controller System-A	27,243
Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1	2,254
Railing: Wood-Replace	12,804
Total for 2042	\$184,819
Replacement Year 2043	
Landscape: Smart Controller System-B	13,582
Paint: Metal Railings	2,604
Total for 2043	\$16,186
Replacement Year 2044	
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	2,476
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace	1,109
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace	7,430
Total for 2044	\$11,015
Replacement Year 2045	
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	8,759
Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/Replace	487
Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair/Replace	20,135
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench	9,188
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	4,380
Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs	23,072
Total for 2045	\$66,021
No Replacement in 2046	
Replacement Year 2047	
Asphalt: Repairs	14,646
Asphalt: Seal Coat	13,784
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression	41,882
Total for 2047	\$70,312
Replacement Year 2048	
Paint: Metal Railings	2,975
Total for 2048	\$2,975

Description	Expenditures
Replacement Year 2049	
Landscape: Tree Renovation	45,885
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	2,829
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace	1,267
Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace	1,278
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace	8,488
Total for 2049	\$59,747

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Description										
Asphalt: Overlay										
Asphalt: Repairs			7,524					8,596		
Asphalt: Seal Coat			7,081					8,090		
Bench: Replace-Common Area										
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	20,902									
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	4,500					5,141				
Decks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1 & D2										
Doors: Storage-Replace										
Fence: Wood-Replace		2,550								
Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Replace					14,221					
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression				22,097						25,928
Landscape: Irrigation-Valves-Replace	Unfunded									
Landscape: Smart Controller System-A										
Landscape: Smart Controller System-B										
Landscape: Tree Renovation										26,932
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs					1,453					1,660
Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/Replace										
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace					651					744
Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace					656					
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace					4,361					4,982
Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles										
Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair/Replace	10,344									
Mailboxes: Replace										
Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2	1,373									
Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1	1,254									
Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2	1,254									
Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1	1,200									
Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	1,200									
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Unit 42	2,935									
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Unit 48	2,935									
Paint: Metal Railings				1,529					1,746	
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench					5,251					
Railing: Metal-Replace										
Railing: Wood-Replace			7,515							
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	2,250					2,571				

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Description										
Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace		1,849								
Utilities: Electrical-Replace										
Utilities: Waste Product-Line-Replacement										
Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replacement										
Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Replace	2,402									
Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs	11,853									
Walls: Stucco-Repairs	782									
=										
Year Total:	65,185	4,399	22,120	23,626	26,593	7,712		16,687	1,746	60,246

	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039
Description										
Asphalt: Overlay										
Asphalt: Repairs			9,821					11,220		
Asphalt: Seal Coat			9,243					10,560		
Bench: Replace-Common Area								11,847		
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	27,283							,		
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	5,874					6,711				
Decks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1 & D2	,					•		48,677		
Doors: Storage-Replace							46,863			
Fence: Wood-Replace										
Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Replace										
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression						30,422				
Landscape: Irrigation-Valves-Replace	Unfunded									
Landscape: Smart Controller System-A										
Landscape: Smart Controller System-B										
Landscape: Tree Renovation										35,154
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs					1,897					2,167
Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/Replace										
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace					849					970
Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace										
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace					5,692					6,503
Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles					30,593					
Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair/Replace										
Mailboxes: Replace										
Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2	1,793									
Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1		1,681								
Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2	1,637									
Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1	1,566									
Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	1,566									
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Unit 42	3,831									
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Unit 48	3,831									
Paint: Metal Railings				1,995					2,279	
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench		6,327							7,624	
Railing: Metal-Replace		32,181								
Railing: Wood-Replace										
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	2,937					3,356				

	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039
Description										
Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace										
Utilities: Electrical-Replace					182,103					
Utilities: Waste Product-Line-Replacement										
Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replacement										225,392
Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Replace										
Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs										
Walls: Stucco-Repairs						1,166				
=										
Year Total:	50,319	40,190	19,064	1,995	221,135	41,654	46,863	82,305	9,904	270,186

	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049
Description										
Asphalt: Overlay			117,635							
Asphalt: Repairs			12,819					14,646		
Asphalt: Seal Coat			12,065					13,784		
Bench: Replace-Common Area										
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection	35,612									
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs	7,667					8,759				
Decks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1 & D2										
Doors: Storage-Replace										
Fence: Wood-Replace		4,345								
Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Replace										
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression		35,695						41,882		
Landscape: Irrigation-Valves-Replace	Unfunded									
Landscape: Smart Controller System-A	,		27,243							
Landscape: Smart Controller System-B				13,582						
Landscape: Tree Renovation										45,885
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs					2,476					2,829
Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/Replace						487				
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Replace					1,109					1,267
Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace										1,278
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace					7,430					8,488
Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles										
Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair/Replace						20,135				
Mailboxes: Replace	12,058									
Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2	2,340									
Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1			2,254							
Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2	2,137									
Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1	2,045									
Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	2,045									
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Unit 42	5,001									
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Unit 48	5,001									
Paint: Metal Railings				2,604					2,975	
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench						9,188				
Railing: Metal-Replace										
Railing: Wood-Replace			12,804							
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2	3,834					4,380				

Hiller Highlands I Association Annual Expenditure Detail

	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049
Description										
Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace		3,150								
Utilities: Electrical-Replace										
Utilities: Waste Product-Line-Replacement										
Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replacement										
Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Replace	4,093									
Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs						23,072				
Walls: Stucco-Repairs										
=										
Year Total:	81,831	43,190	184,819	16,186	11,015	66,021		70,312	2,975	59,747

Asphalt: Overlay		33,570 SF	@ \$1.95
Asset ID	1002	Asset Cost	\$65,461.50
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%

Category Asphalt
Placed in Service September 2017
Useful Life 25
Replacement Year 2042
Remaining Life 22





Future Cost

\$117,634.77

Remarks:

This component is the 2" to 3" overlay on the existing surface, including re-setting 27 manhole covers and 5 valve covers.

In 2017, the asphalt underwent extensive repairs in the center of the roadway. The Board, based on consultation with the asphalt vendor, has determined the work should be completed in 2030. The roadway will be replaced and will include the installation of a concrete valley shaped gutter in the center to maximize water runoff to the stormdrains. It is estimated that the cost of this work will be approximately \$200,000.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Asphalt: Overlay continued...

Most asphalt areas can be expected to last approximately 20 to 25 years before it will become necessary for an overlay to be applied. This can double the life of the surface upon application. It will be necessary to adjust manhole and valve covers at the time the overlay is applied and apply a sealcoat or a slurry seal within 6 months of the overlay. Testing should be conducted by an independent consultant to determine the condition of the asphalt near the end of the estimated useful life. The cost of asphalt overlay is based on a minimum thickness of 1.5" and includes the cost of applying a paving fabric. A consultant may be obtained to prepare the asphalt application specifications, and to work with the contractor during the actual installation. We recommend the client obtain bids for such a consultation near the end of the estimated useful life. As costs vary, we have not included such an expense in our cost estimates. Should the client request, we will be happy to incorporate this cost in our calculations.

Asphalt: Repairs		33,570 SF	@ \$4.25
Asset ID	1003	Asset Cost	\$7,133.62
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	5%
Category	Asphalt	Future Cost	\$7,524.04
Placed in Service	July 2017		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2022		
Remaining Life	2		





Remarks:

This component is the repairs to the asphalt surface in conjunction with the application of sealcoat (5 years).

In 2017, the Association had repairs completed at a cost of \$59,185.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

The client advises that the association repaired and seal coated the streets during July 2000 for a total of \$3,904. The client advises that repairs and slurry seal coating was completed in June 2005 for a total of \$4,300. The association appears to have received a bargain with this transaction and may not receive that same pricing in the future. We are budgeting for the more

Asphalt: Repairs continued...

nominal cost in the area (2006 comments).

Asphalt: Seal Coat		33,570 SF	@ \$0.20
Asset ID	1036	Asset Cost	\$6,714.00
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Asphalt	Future Cost	\$7,081.45
Placed in Service	September 2017		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2022		
Remaining Life	2		



Remarks:

This component is the application of seal coating on the asphalt surface every 5 years in conjunction with repairs.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

The client advises that the association repaired and seal coated the streets during July 2000 for a total of \$3,904. The client advises that repairs and slurry seal coating was completed in June 2005 for a total of \$4,300. The association appears to have received a bargain with this transaction and may not receive that same pricing in the future. We are budgeting for the more

Asphalt: Seal Coat continued...

nominal cost in the area (2006 comments).

Bench: Replace-Common Area

Asset ID	1065
Group	Capital
Category	Benches
Placed in Service	October 2017
Useful Life	20
Replacement Year	2037
Remaining Life	17

1 Total	@ \$7,532.00
Asset Cost	\$7,532.00
Percent Replacement	100%
Future Cost	\$11,846.98



Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the common area bench that runs along Spyglass Hill.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

These are rural type mailboxes, set in wood structures with wood shake roofs. Not all units have a mailboxes; some have mail slots in the garage doors.

Carport: Concrete Fr	aming-Inspection	1 Total	@ \$20,901.94
Asset ID	1061	Asset Cost	\$20,901.94
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Concrete	Future Cost	\$20,901.94
Placed in Service	January 2006		
Useful Life	10		
Adjustment	4		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is the inspections of the crawlspace areas through the open carports and we suggest that the inspections should be done every 10 years.

The client requests that this asset be added as a reminder to conduct regular inspections through the crawlspace of this area.

Estimates of \$32,190 and \$18,000 to \$19,000 were obtained for dry rot damage repairs to #42 carport to be expended in 2006. The board will pass a special assessment to cover these repairs (2006 comments).

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study

Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspection continued...

should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs

		1 Iotai	
Asset ID	1013	Asset Cost	\$4,500.00
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Concrete	Future Cost	\$4,500.00
Placed in Service	January 2014		
Useful Life	5		
Adjustment	1		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		







1 Total

@ \$4.500.00

Remarks:

This component is for the repair/partial replacement to the concrete stairs, pads, and flatwork. It is estimated that a percentage of the concrete areas will require repair or replacement. The actual condition of the concrete should be monitored through time and the estimates adjusted accordingly.

During the 2017 on-site review, it was observed that a couple areas of flatwork had been replaced. There wwa also some cracking in the sidewalks that should be watched and repaired/replace if it becomes a tripping hazard.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that

Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive-Repairs continued...

the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Decks:	Wood-Replace-Buildings	D1	& D2
DCCR5.	Wood Replace Dallalligs	$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	$\alpha \nu_{z}$

ecks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1 & D2		1,786 SF	@ \$17.33
Asset ID	1028	Asset Cost	\$30,947.81
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Decks	Future Cost	\$48,677.41
Placed in Service	October 2017		
Useful Life	20		
Replacement Year	2037		
Remaining Life	17		







Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the wood deck, railings and stairs located in front of the upper units of buildings D1 and D2.

Building D1 is 38 and 40 Spyglass Hill

Building D2 is 44 and 46 Spyglass Hill

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

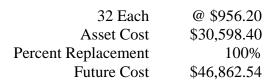
The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost. This asset, and the information contained herein, has been provided by the client and incorporated into our report at their request.

Asset ID	1031
Group	Capital
Category	Doors
Placed in Service	January 2006
Useful Life	30
Replacement Year	2036
Remaining Life	16







Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the storage doors in the open garages and carports.

This component was in good condition at the time of the physical analysis.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

	60 LF	@ \$41.38
1071	Asset Cost	\$2,483.10
Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Fencing	Future Cost	\$2,550.14
January 2001		
20		
2021		
1		
	Capital Fencing January 2001 20	1071 Asset Cost Capital Percent Replacement Fencing Future Cost January 2001 20



Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the wood fence in the parking area.

This fence is common area fencing as shown on the plat map as Pacel 4.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Replace

		2 Lacii	@ \$0,391.00
Asset ID	1049	Asset Cost	\$12,783.20
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Landscaping	Future Cost	\$14,220.71
Placed in Service	January 1994		
Useful Life	30		
Replacement Year	2024		
Remaining Life	4		





@ \$6 301 60

2 Each

Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the 2 common area, back flow preventors with insulation covers and box.

No access was provided for this component.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

The client's current landscape contractor, Raylene Ojeda of Trimacs Landscape Maintenance, advises that the association has 2 backflow preventors. No further information was provided to ARA. We will budget for replacement of these backflow preventors at the

Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Replace continued...

nominal cost (2009 comment). The information used on this asset has been provided with the assistance of the client's maintenance contractor.

Landscape: Improvements-Fire Suppression

		1 10141	@ \$20, 4 00.00
Asset ID	1060	Asset Cost	\$20,400.00
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Landscaping	Future Cost	\$22,097.42
Placed in Service	July 2017		
Useful Life	6		
Replacement Year	2023		
Remaining Life	3		





@ \$20.400.00

1 Total

Remarks:

This component is the work required in the landscape area to aid in the suppression of fire.

\$5,750.00 was spent in 2018 for vegetation control.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

The client requests to budget \$15,000 every 10 years for landscape upgrades.

The cost and useful life estimates on this asset have been provided by the client and the cost adjusted for inflation when applicable.

Landscape: Irrigation	n-Valves-Replace	72 Valves	@ \$20.00
Asset ID	1050	Asset Cost	\$1,440.00
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Irrigation	Future Cost	\$1,440.00
Placed in Service	January 2013		
Useful Life	3		
Adjustment	4		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the 72 landscape irrigation valves for the sprinkler system.

This component is information only as this component is funded from operational funds per Board.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

The client's current landscape contractor, Raylene Ojeda of Trimacs Landscape Maintenance, advises that the association has 72 irrigation valves that are replaced as needed

Landscape: Irrigation-Valves-Replace continued...

(2009 comment).

Landscape: Smart Controller System-A	Land	scape:	Smart	Controll	er S	ystem-A
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Asset ID	1038
Group	Capital
Category	Landscaping
Placed in Service	June 2017
Useful Life	25
Replacement Year	2042
Remaining Life	22

1 Total @ \$15,160.00 Asset Cost \$15,160.00 Percent Replacement 100% Future Cost \$27,242.62







Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the Smart Controller System for the landscape. This system consists of a weather center that is designed to operate with the controllers and provides "real-time" onsite data and rain switch. The controllers installed are:

- 1 36 Station Controller @ \$5,475
- 1 20 Station Controller @ \$5.045
- 1 18 Station Controller @ \$4.660

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Landscape: Smart Controller System-A continued...

The client advised that \$8,600 was expended July 2009 for irrigation controllers. No cost break down was provided. We are estimating the cost of the controllers (2012 comment).

The client's current landscape contractor, Raylene Ojeda of Trimacs Landscape Maintenance, advises that these irrigation controllers are 15 years old and in good condition (2009 comment).

These Rainmaster RME Sentar controllers are wall mounted and located on Carport "D" near unit #55.1 - 18 station controller, RM18E @ \$1,500.00 = \$1,500.00

1 - 24 station controller, RM24E @ 3,000.00 = 3,000.00 1 - 30 station controller, RM30E @ 3,500.00 = 3,500.00Total = \$8,000.00

The client advised that the association is currently receiving proposals for replacement of the current irrigation controller system with a smart controller system. This new system will be solar equipped and will turn off before, during, and after a rain, as to not over water the area. No further information was provided to ARA. When such information is recieved, we can amend our information in an updated or revised study. We are listing this here for informational purposes only (2009 comment).

$_{\sf L}$	andscape: Smart Co	ontroller System-B			2 Ea	ıch	@	\$3,679.74	
	Asset ID	1072			Asset Co	ost	;	\$7,359.48	,
	Group	Capital		Percent	Replaceme	ent		100%	
	Category	Landscaping			Future Co	ost	\$	13,582.11	
	Placed in Service	June 2018							
	Useful Life	25							
	Replacement Year	2043							

23



Remaining Life





Remarks:

This component is the replacement of two of the Smart Controllers for the landscape. This system consists of a weather center that is designed to operate with the controllers and provides "real-time" onsite data and rain switch.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

The client advised that \$8,600 was expended July 2009 for irrigation controllers. No cost break down was provided. We are estimating the cost of the controllers (2012 comment).

The client's current landscape contractor, Raylene Ojeda of Trimacs Landscape Maintenance, advises that these irrigation controllers are 15 years old and in good condition

Landscape: Smart Controller System-B continued...

(2009 comment).

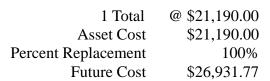
These Rainmaster RME Sentar controllers are wall mounted and located on Carport "D" near unit #55.1 - 18 station controller, RM18E @ \$1,500.00 = \$1,500.00

1 - 24 station controller, RM24E @ 3,000.00 = 3,000.00 1 - 30 station controller, RM30E @ 3,500.00 = 3,500.00 Total = \$8,000.00

The client advised that the association is currently receiving proposals for replacement of the current irrigation controller system with a smart controller system. This new system will be solar equipped and will turn off before, during, and after a rain, as to not over water the area. No further information was provided to ARA. When such information is recieved, we can amend our information in an updated or revised study. We are listing this here for informational purposes only (2009 comment).

Landscape: T	e Renovation
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Asset ID	1074
Group	Capital
Category	Landscaping
Placed in Service	July 2019
Useful Life	10
Replacement Year	2029
Remaining Life	9







Remarks:

This component is the work required on tree renovation as needed.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

The client requests to budget \$15,000 every 10 years for landscape upgrades.

The cost and useful life estimates on this asset have been provided by the client and the cost adjusted for inflation when applicable.

Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs

nteral Drain: Repla	ace/Repairs	1 Total	@ \$13,063.72
Asset ID	1040	Asset Cost	\$1,306.37
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	10%
Category	Grounds Components	Future Cost	\$1,453.28
Placed in Service	October 2019		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2024		
Remaining Life	4		



Remarks:

This component is an allowance for the repair, maintenance or replacement of the lateral drains in the common area.

\$541.50 was spent in 2019 for drain work below Unit 42.

During the 2017 on-site review, it was observed that a portion of the lateral drain in front of the carport should be repaired or replaced.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/Replace

		10 Each	@ \$125.00
Asset ID	1073	Asset Cost	\$250.00
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	20%
Category	Lighting	Future Cost	\$486.63
Placed in Service	October 2019		
Useful Life	20		
Adjustment	6		
Replacement Year	2045		
Remaining Life	25		





Remarks:

This component is an allowance for the repair, maintenance or replacement of the exterior carport lights.

\$641.68 was spent in 2019 the replace several light fixtures.

During the 2017 on-site review, it was observed that a couple of the landscape lights along the newly replaced deck at Buildings D1 and D2 are broken. The Board is determining the best way to complete these repairs since the location of the broken lights is difficult to access.

The Client has informed the reserve study provider all lights are in working order.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/Replace continued...

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Lighting: Exterior-Entry	Walls-Replace	26 Each	@ \$225.00
Asset ID	1021	Asset Cost	\$585.00
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	10%
Category	Lighting	Future Cost	\$650.78
Placed in Service	January 1999		
Useful Life	5		
Adjustment	20		
Replacement Year	2024		
Remaining Life	4		







Remarks:

This component is an allowance for the replacement of the exterior light fixtures on the garages and carports.

The Client informed the reserve study provider that all lights are in working order.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

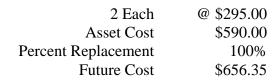
The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace

Asset ID	1054
Group	Non-Capital
Category	Lighting
Placed in Service	January 1999
Useful Life	25
Replacement Year	2024
Remaining Life	4





Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the exterior light fixtures top of the entry wall pilasters.

The Client has informed the reserve study provider that all lights are in working order.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace

		70 Each	@ \$280.00
Asset ID	1017	Asset Cost	\$3,920.00
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	20%
Category	Lighting	Future Cost	\$4,360.82
Placed in Service	July 2019		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2024		
Remaining Life	4		





Remarks:

This component is an allowance for the repair, maintenance or replacement of the landscape, path and sidewalk lights in the common area.

\$2,000 was spent in 2019 to replace a portion of the landscape lights.

During the 2017 on-site review, it was observed that a couple of the landscape lights along the newly replaced deck at Buildings D1 and D2 are broken. The Board is determining the best way to complete these repairs since the location of the broken lights is difficult to access.

The Client has informed the reserve study provider all lights are in working order.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that

Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repair/Replace continued...

the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles

Asset ID	1067
Group	Non-Capital
Category	Landscaping
Placed in Service	January 1994
Useful Life	40
Replacement Year	2034
Remaining Life	14

12 Each	@ \$1,755.74
Asset Cost	\$21,068.86
Percent Replacement	100%
Future Cost	\$30,593.36





Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the street light poles, excluding the fixtures.

During the 2017 on-site review, it was observed that the street light poles have some rust areas and chipping paint.

The Client has informed the reserve study provider that all lights are in working order

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repair/Replace

		12 Each	@ \$802.00
Asset ID	1018	Asset Cost	\$10,344.00
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Landscaping	Future Cost	\$10,344.00
Placed in Service	January 1994		
Useful Life	25		
Adjustment	1		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		







12 Each



@ \$962 00

Remarks:

This component is an allowance for the repair, maintenance or replacement of the HID street light fixtures, excluding the poles.

The Client has informed the reserve study provider that all lights are in working order

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Mailboxes: Replace		1 Total	@ \$7,077.20
Asset ID	1005	Asset Cost	\$7,077.20
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Mailboxes	Future Cost	\$12,057.86
Placed in Service	April 2015		
Useful Life	25		
Replacement Year	2040		
Remaining Life	20		





Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the mail boxes for various lots. The wood kiosks have been removed.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

These are rural type mailboxes, set in wood structures with wood shake roofs. Not all units have a mailboxes; some have mail slots in the garage doors.

Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2		7,630 sq. ft.	@ \$1.80
Asset ID		Asset Cost	\$1,373.40
		Percent Replacement	10%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$1,373.40
Placed in Service	January 1999		
Useful Life	10		
Adjustment	11		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

The client's CC&Rs state that the association is responsible for 10% of the total cost for painting the exterior stucco of these buildings. We have budgeted accordingly.

Building E1 is 33 & 35 Spyglass Hill

Building E2 is 51 & 53 Spyglass Hill

The useful life of this asset has been extended due to its present condition.

The actual month this item was "placed in service" was not available. For budgeting purposes we have used the month corresponding to the beginning of the client's fiscal year.

It is recommended that the association secure cost proposals for painting from qualified painting contractors or consultants as soon as practical. Painting costs have risen significantly due to new environmental and safety regulations, as well as higher costs of materials. Conditions, damage not clearly visible, or other factors could also be of concern and create additional costs. We can amend this analysis using the most current cost proposals in an updated or revised reserve study when the information becomes available.

The client advised that all painted exterior walls, stucco, wood and interior garages were repainted in 1999.

Paint: Exterior-Unit	42-Bldg C1	1 Total	@ \$1,254.12
Asset ID	1025	Asset Cost	\$1,254.12
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$1,254.12
Placed in Service	January 2009		
Useful Life	11		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is an estimate for the Association's share of the painting stucco exterior of Building C1. According to the CC&Rs, the Association is responsible for 40% of the total cost for painting the exterior stucco.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Paint: Exterior-Unit	48-Bldg C2	1 Total	@ \$1,254.12
Asset ID	1056	Asset Cost	\$1,254.12
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$1,254.12
Placed in Service	January 2009		
Useful Life	10		
Adjustment	1		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is an estimate for the Association's share of the painting stucco exterior of Building C2. According to the CC&Rs, the Association is responsible for 40% of the total cost for painting the exterior stucco.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Paint: Exterior-Units	33 & 35-Bldg E1	1 Total	@ \$1,200.00
Asset ID	1057	Asset Cost	\$1,200.00
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$1,200.00
Placed in Service	January 2009		
Useful Life	10		
Adjustment	1		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is an estimate for the Association's share of the painting of the stucco exterior. According to the CC&Rs, the Association is responsible for 10% of the cost to paint the stucco. Photo credit to Google Earth.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Paint: Exterior-Units 51	& 53-Bldg E2	1 Total	@ \$1,200.00
Asset ID	1058	Asset Cost	\$1,200.00
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$1,200.00
Placed in Service	January 2009		
Useful Life	10		
Adjustment	1		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is an estimate for the Association's share of the painting of the stucco exterior. According to the CC&Rs, the Association is responsible for 10% of the cost to paint the stucco. Photo credit to Google Earth.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Paint: Interior-Garage	es-Bldgs C1-Unit 42	4,280 SF	@ \$1.60
Asset ID	1024	Asset Cost	\$2,935.05
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	42.86%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$2,935.05
Placed in Service	January 1999		
Useful Life	10		
Adjustment	11		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is the painting of the interior of the open garages/carport. According to the CC&Rs, the Association is responsible for 42.86% of the painting cost.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Paint: Interior-Garag	es-Bldgs C2-Unit 48	4,280 SF	@ \$1.60
Asset ID	1064	Asset Cost	\$2,935.05
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	42.86%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$2,935.05
Placed in Service	January 1999		
Useful Life	10		
Adjustment	11		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

This component is the painting of the interior of the open garages/carport. According to the CC&Rs, the Association is responsible for 42.86% of the painting cost.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Paint: Metal Railings		730 SF	@ \$1.93
Asset ID	1055	Asset Cost	\$1,411.09
Group	Non-Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$1,528.50
Placed in Service	July 2018		
Useful Life	5		
Replacement Year	2023		
Remaining Life	3		







Remarks:

This component is the painting of the metal stairway railings and hand railings.

During the 2017 on-site review, it was observed that the metal is cracking, peeling, and leaching rust onto the concrete stair wall.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Bench

Asset ID	1066
Group	Non-Capital
Category	Painting
Placed in Service	December 2017
Useful Life	7
Replacement Year	2024
Remaining Life	4

2,950 SF	@ \$1.60
Asset Cost	\$4,720.00
Percent Replacement	100%
Future Cost	\$5,250.78





Remarks:

This component is for the painting or sealing of the deck, deck railings, stairs at Buildings D1 and D2 and the bench that runs along the sidwalk on Spyglass Hill.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

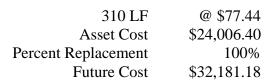
The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Railing: Metal-Replace

Asset ID	1027
Group Ca ₁	pital
Category Rail	ings
Service January 2	2001
eful Life	30
ent Year 2	2031
ing Life	11







Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the metal railings in the common area.

This component was in fair condition at the time of the physical analysis.

Rust was noted at the base of the railing at the time of the physical analysis.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Railing: Wood-Replace

Asset ID	1053
Group	Capital
Category	Railings
Placed in Service	January 2002
Useful Life	20
Replacement Year	2022
Remaining Life	2

285 LF	@ \$25.00
Asset Cost	\$7,125.00
Percent Replacement	100%
Future Cost	\$7,514.94





Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the wood railings by the sidewalks, deck and bench.

Some dry rot and paint peeling was noted during the on-site physical analysis in 2015.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2

		1,786 sq. ft.	@ \$1.26
Asset ID	1034	Asset Cost	\$2,250.36
		Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Painting	Future Cost	\$2,250.36
Placed in Service	June 2005		
Useful Life	5		
Adjustment	10		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

During our 2009 field inspection, it was noted these decks/walkways, stairways, and railings appeared to need sealing.

The client's CC&Rs state that the association is responsible for 100% of the total cost for replacing this exterior walkway and associated components. We have budgeted accordingly.

This is unpainted wood deck, railings, and stairs, located in front of the upper units of buildings D1 and D2.

Building D1 is 38 & 40 Spyglass Hill

Building D2 is 44 & 46 Spyglass Hill

walkway, 119'Lx5.5'W	-	655
walkway railing	-	833
stairway railing	-	154
stairways, 2	-	144
•	Total =	1,786

The current cost used on this asset is based upon actual expenditures incurred at last replacement, and has been adjusted for inflation where applicable.

sq. ft.

The client advises that this walkway was sealed during October 2000 for \$1,505. The client requests that we schedule this deck sealing every 5 years. The client advises that the wood walkway & entry rail/bench along Spyglass Hill between #5 and #11 was treated for

Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs D1/D2 continued...

\$1,530. The association appears to have received a bargain with this transaction and may not receive that same pricing in the future. We are budgeting for the more nominal cost in the area (2006 comments).

Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace

Asset ID	1016
Group	Capital
Category	Signs
Placed in Service	January 2001
Useful Life	20
Replacement Year	2021
Remaining Life	1





Remarks:

This component is the replacement of the common area signs.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption that the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Utilities: Electrical-Replace

Remaining Life

Asset ID	1070	Asset Cost	\$12
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	
Category	Utilities	Future Cost	\$13
Placed in Service	August 1994		
Useful Life	40		
Replacement Year	2034		

14





1 Total

Remarks:

This component is the estimate for the replacement of the underground electrical utilities in the common area.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Utilities: Waste Product-Line-Replacement

		1 Total	@ \$157,550.00
Asset ID	1052	Asset Cost	\$157,550.00
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Utilities	Future Cost	\$359,833.97
Placed in Service	August 2016		
Useful Life	35		
Replacement Year	2051		
Remaining Life	31		



Remarks:

This component is the replacement or renovation of the waste product lines in the common area from the city main line to the property line of the owners. The work was performed by Advanced Trenchless.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption that the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replacement

		1 Total	@ \$135,862.65
Asset ID	1062	Asset Cost	\$135,862.65
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Utilities	Future Cost	\$225,392.00
Placed in Service	August 1994		
Useful Life	45		
Replacement Year	2039		
Remaining Life	19		

Remarks:

This component is the replacement or renovation of the potable water lines in the common area.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Replace		286 LF	@ \$8.40
Asset ID	1009	Asset Cost	\$2,402.40
		Percent Replacement	100%
Category	Fencing	Future Cost	\$2,402.40
Placed in Service	January 1994		
Useful Life	20		
Adjustment	6		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

During our August 2012 field inspection, it was noted this wall/bench appeared to need painting or staining.

This wood wall/bench is located along Spyglass Hill. It is 1.5' H. It appears to be sealed or stained, and has a plaque mounted to it near the stairs leading to the clubhouse area.

The client advises that the wood walkway and entry rail/bench along Spyglass Hill between #5 and #11 was treated for \$1,530. The association appears to have received a bargain with this transaction and may not receive that same pricing in the future. We are budgeting for the more nominal cost in the area (2006 comments).

Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs

Asset ID	1022	Asset Cost
Group	Capital	Percent Replacement
Category	Walls	Future Cost
Placed in Service	January 1967	
Useful Life	25	
Adjustment	28	
Replacement Year	2020	
Remaining Life	0	





5.900 SF

@ \$20.09 \$11,853.10

\$11,853.10

10%

Remarks:

This component is an allowance for the cost of repair, maintenance or replacement of the block retaining walls and entry walls. According to the CC&Rs, Exhibit B, Item 1, the Association is responsible for all retaining walls bordering decks or patios and the foundations of the retaining walls. Also, the retaining walls and their foundations which protect or support street-side decks.

During the 2017 on-site review, the Board was under the belief that these retaining walls are the owners responsibility. However, the CC&Rs state the are the Association's. We have included this component in the study, but identified it as unfunded.

If applicable, the useful life of this component is predicated on the assumption the component was properly installed or applied.

The cost and useful life assumptions are based on accepted industry estimates as established by RS Means, Craftsman, Marshall Swift, The National Construction Estimator, National Repair and Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual, McGraw Hill Professional, assorted independent contractors, various specialists, assorted vendors catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, Consultant's own experience in like components or as provided by the Client.

The Association should obtain a bid from a licensed and bonded contractor to confirm this estimate.

These costs do not take into consideration any changes to the building code.

Note: This is a provision for an anticipated expense. Should the Association find that

Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs continued...

the cost of this item is greater or less than the amount provided for herein, this reserve study should be updated to reflect the actual component cost.

Historical comments:

During the August 2012 field inspection the client advised the HOA consulted an engineer on the condition of the wall. The engineer advised the wall will need repairs however no definite timeline could be given. The client identified a portion of the wall with visible cracking and water penetrating the wall and the client advised the HOA does not have plans to repair the wall in the near future. This asset should be monitored and the repairs schedule should be adjusted when necessary (2012 comment).

During our 2009 field inspection, it was noted these walls appeared to need cleaning and repairs.

We are budgeting 10% of the total cost for replacement of these retaining block walls, as repairs every 25 years.

We have estimated the amount of the patio retaining walls from the drawings provided by the client. The client advises that these walls were built during 1966 - 1968. We have used 1967 as the average construction year for budgeting purposes.

bldgs A1/A2	-	780	
bldgs A3/A4	-	1,170	
bldgs B1/B2	-	520	
bldgs B3/B4	-	1,180	
bldgs D1/D2	-	710	
bldgs F1/F2	-	540	
bldgs E1/E2	-	910	
bldg F3	-	<u>90</u>	
	Total =	5,900	sq. ft.

It is estimated that a percentage of the block walls will require repair or replacement. The actual condition of the block walls should be monitored through time and the estimates adjusted accordingly.

(TT 11 C. D.			
Walls: Stucco-Repairs		496 SF	@ \$15.76
Asset ID	1012	Asset Cost	\$781.70
		Percent Replacement	10%
Category	Fencing	Future Cost	\$781.70
Placed in Service	January 1994		
Useful Life	15		
Adjustment	11		
Replacement Year	2020		
Remaining Life	0		



Remarks:

We are budgeting 10% of the total cost for replacement of these stucco walls, as repairs every 15 years, beginning during the 2012 fiscal year (2009 comment).

entry monument walls	-	187	
stair walls, to clubhouse	-	309	
	Total =	496	sq. ft.

The useful life of this asset has been extended due to its present condition.

It is estimated that a percentage of the stucco walls will require repair or replacement. The actual condition of the stucco walls should be monitored through time and the estimates adjusted accordingly.

To be conservative, we have changed the useful life of this asset to 15 years from 25 years, and have increased the percentage of area possibly requiring repair on this cycle to 15%.

ASSOCIATION RESOLUTION FOR REVENUE RULING 70-604 ELECTION EXCESS INCOME APPLIED TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR'S ASSESSMENTS

RESOLUTION MUST BE VOTED ON BY THE MEMBERSHIP AT THE ANNUAL MEETING IF FILING AS A 1120 STANDARD CORPORATION

ANN	UAL RESOLUTION OF THE (Association)	
RE:	EXCESS INCOME APPLIED TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR'S ASSESSMENTS REVENUE RULING 70-604	
	WHEREAS, The (Association)is	s a (State)
	corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the e);	State of
and		
rulin	WHEREAS, The members desire that the corporation shall act in full accordage and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service;	ance with the
and		
of the	NOW, THEREFORE, the members hereby adopt the following resolution by a e (Association):	and on behalf
year year	RESOLVED, that any excess of membership income over membership expens ending20 shall be applied against the subsemember assessment as provided by IRS Revenue Ruling 70-604.	es for the equent tax
(Asso	This resolution was voted on and made a part of the minutes of the annual medociation)	eting of
	BY:President	
	ATTESTED:	
	Secretary	

Form compliant with IRS Ruling 70-604

Hiller Highlands I Association Member Summary Report

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Description	ک _{ی کی}	\$6,76,	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	చ్	₽0,	æ°	\$ \$10 CO	Or.	70
Asphalt: Overlay	2017	2042	65,461	25	0	22		33570 @	1.95
Asphalt: Repairs	2017	2022	7,134	5	0	2	7,524	33570@	4.25
Asphalt: Seal Coat	2017	2022	6,714	5	0	2	7,081	33570@	0.20
Bench: Replace-Common Area	2017	2037	7,532	20	0	17	11,847	1@	7,532.00
Carport: Concrete Framing-Inspecti	2006	2020	20,902	10	4	0	20,902	1@	20,901.94
Concrete: Stairs-Pads-Parking-Drive	2014	2020	4,500	5	1	0	4,500	1@	4,500.00
Decks: Wood-Replace-Buildings D1	2017	2037	30,948	20	0	17	48,677	1786@	17.33
Doors: Storage-Replace	2006	2036	30,598	30	0	16	46,863	32 @	956.20
Fence: Wood-Replace	2001	2021	2,483	20	0	1	2,550	60@	41.38
Landscape: Back Flow Preventor-Re	1994	2024	12,783	30	0	4	14,221	2@	6,391.60
Landscape: Improvements-Fire Supp	2017	2023	20,400	6	0	3	22,097	1@	20,400.00
Landscape: Irrigation-Valves-Replace	1050	Unfunded							
Landscape: Smart Controller System	2017	2042	15,160	25	0	22	27,243	1@	15,160.00
Landscape: Smart Controller System	2018	2043	7,359	25	0	23	13,582	2@	3,679.74
Landscape: Tree Renovation	2019	2029	21,190	10	0	9	26,932	1@	21,190.00
Lateral Drain: Replace/Repairs	2019	2024	1,306	5	0	4	1,453	1@	13,063.72
Lighting: Exterior-Carports-Repair/	2019	2045	250	20	6	25	487	10 @	125.00
Lighting: Exterior-Entry Walls-Repl	1999	2024	585	5	20	4	651	26@	225.00
Lighting: Exterior-Entry-Replace	1999	2024	590	25	0	4	656	2@	295.00
Lighting: Exterior-Landscape-Repai	2019	2024	3,920	5	0	4	4,361	70 @	280.00
Lighting: Exterior-Street Light Poles	1994	2034	21,069	40	0	14	30,593	12 @	1,755.74
Lighting: Fixtures-Street Light Repa	1994	2020	10,344	25	1	0	10,344	12 @	862.00
Mailboxes: Replace	2015	2040	7,077	25	0	20	12,058	1@	7,077.20
Paint: Exterior-Stucco-Bldgs E1/E2	1999	2020	1,373	10	11	0	1,373	7630@	1.80
Paint: Exterior-Unit 42-Bldg C1	2009	2020	1,254	11	0	0	1,254	1 @	1,254.12
Paint: Exterior-Unit 48-Bldg C2	2009	2020	1,254	10	1	0	1,254	1 @	1,254.12
Paint: Exterior-Units 33 & 35-Bldg E1	2009	2020	1,200	10	1	0	1,200	1 @	1,200.00
Paint: Exterior-Units 51 & 53-Bldg E2	2009	2020	1,200	10	1	0	1,200	1 @	1,200.00
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C1-Un	1999	2020	2,935	10	11	0	2,935	4280 @	1.60
Paint: Interior-Garages-Bldgs C2-Un	1999	2020	2,935	10	11	0	2,935	4280 @	1.60
Paint: Metal Railings	2018	2023	1,411	5	0	3	1,529	730 @	1.93
Paint: Wood Deck-Bldgs D1 & D2/Be	2017	2024	4,720	7	0	4	5,251	2950 @	1.60
Railing: Metal-Replace	2001	2031	24,006	30	0	11	32,181	310 @	77.44
Railing: Wood-Replace	2002	2022	7,125	20	0	2	7,515	285 @	25.00
Seal: Wood, Decks/Walkways, Bldgs	2005	2020	2,250	5	10	0	2,250	1786 @	1.26
Signs: Wood, Painted, Replace	2001	2021	1,800	20	0	1	1,849	1 @	1,800.00
Utilities: Electrical-Replace	1994	2034	125,410	40	0	14	182,103	1 @	125,409.89
Utilities: Waste Product-Line-Replac	2016	2051	157,550	35	0	31	359,834	1 @	157,550.00
Utilities: Water-Potable-Line-Replac	1994	2039	135,863	45	0	19	225,392	1 @	135,862.65
Wall/Bench: Wood, Spyglass Hill-Re	1994	2020	2,402	20	6	0	2,402	286 @	8.40
Walls: Block-Retaining-Repairs	1967	2020	11,853	25	28	0	11,853	5900 @	20.09
Walls: Stucco-Repairs	1994	2020	782	15	11	0	782	496 @	15.76

FUNDING GOALS AND FUNDING PLANS

EXPLANATION OF FUNDING GOALS

In a **Full Reserve Study**, the reserve provider conducts a component inventory, a condition assessment (based upon on-site visual observations), and life and valuation estimates to determine both a "fund status" and "funding plan".

In an **Update <u>with</u> site inspection**, the reserve provider conducts a component inventory (verification only, not quantification unless new components have been added to the inventory), a condition assessment (based upon onsite visual observations), and life and valuation estimates to determine both the "fund status and "funding plan."

In an **Update** <u>without</u> **site inspection**, the reserve provider conducts life and valuation estimates to determine the "fund status" and "funding plan."

EXPLANATION OF FUNDING PLANS Baseline Funding Model. The goal of this funding method is to keep the reserve cash balance above zero. This means that while each individual component may not be fully funded, the reserve balance overall does not drop below zero during the projected period. An association using this funding method must understand that even a minor reduction in a component's remaining useful life can result in a deficit in the reserve cash balance. Greatest risk to Client for a special assessment Threshold Funding Model. This method is based upon the cash flow funding concept. The minimum reserve cash balance in threshold funding, however, is set at a predetermined dollar amount (other than \$0) and Client must select a dollar amount. Lesser risk to Client for a special assessment Full Funding Model (Proportional Funding)---Given that the basis of funding for reserves is to distribute the costs of the replacements over the lives of the components in question, it follows that the ideal level of reserves will be proportionately related to those lives and costs. If an association has a component with an expected estimated useful life of ten years, it will set aside approximately one-tenth of the replacement cost each year. At the end of three years, one will expect three-tenths of the replacement cost to have accumulated, and if so, that component will be "fully-funded." This model is important in that it is a measure of the adequacy of an association's reserves at any one point of time, and is independent of any particular method which may have been used for past funding or may be under consideration for future funding. This formula represents a snapshot in time and is based upon current replacement cost, independent of future inflationary or investment factors: Fully Funded Reserves = Age divided by Useful Life the results multiplied by Current Replacement Cost

When an association's total accumulated reserves for all components meet this criterion, its reserves are

considered "fully-funded." Least risk to Client for a special assessment.

Important Information

This document has been provided pursuant to an agreement containing restrictions on its use. No part of this document may be copied or distributed, in any form or by any means, nor disclosed to third parties without the expressed written permission of Reserve Studies by RF[©]. The client shall have the right to reproduce and distribute copies of this report, or the information contained within, as may be required for compliance with all applicable regulations.

This reserve analysis study and the parameters under which it has been completed are based upon information provided to us in part by representatives of the association, its contractors, assorted vendors, specialist and independent contractors, the Community Association Institute, Association of Professional Reserve Analyst and various construction pricing and scheduling manuals including, but not limited to: Marshall & Swift Valuation Service, RS Means Facilities Maintenance & Repair Cost Data, RS Means Repair & Remodeling Cost Data, National Construction Estimator, National Repair & Remodel Estimator, Dodge Cost Manual and McGraw-Hill Professional. Additionally, costs are obtained from numerous vendor catalogues, actual quotations or historical costs, and our own experience in the field of property management and reserve study preparation.

It has been assumed, unless otherwise noted in this report, that all assets have been designed and constructed properly and that each estimated useful life will approximate that of the norm per industry standards and/or manufacturer's specifications. In some cases, estimates may have been used on assets, which have an indeterminable but potential liability to the association. The decision for the inclusion of these as well as all assets considered is left to the client.

We recommend that your reserve analysis study be updated on an annual basis due to fluctuating interest rates, inflationary changes, and the unpredictable nature of the lives of many of the assets under consideration (our contract provides that we shall update the reserve study annually). All of the information collected during our physical analysis of the association and computations made subsequently in preparing this reserve analysis study are retained in our computer files. Therefore, annual updates may be completed quickly and inexpensively each year.

Reserve Studies by RF® would like to thank you for using our services. We invite you to call us at any time, should you have questions, comments or need assistance. In addition, any of the parameters and estimates used in this study may be changed at your request, after which we will provide a revised study. Client shall accept all responsibility and liability for changes made and the results thereof. Consultant does not warranty the results of the revised study.

This reserve analysis study is provided as an aid for planning purposes and not as an accounting tool. Since it deals with events yet to take place, there is no assurance that the results enumerated within it will, in fact, occur as described.

Introduction

Preparing the annual budget and overseeing the association's finances are perhaps the most important responsibilities of board members. The annual operating and reserve budgets reflect the planning and goals of the association and set the level and quality of service for all of the association's activities.

Funding Options

When a major repair or replacement is required in a community, an association has essentially four

options available to address the expenditure:

The first, and only logical means that the Board of Directors has to ensure its ability to maintain the assets for which it is obligated, is by **assessing an adequate level of reserves** as part of the regular membership assessment, thereby distributing the cost of the replacements uniformly over the entire membership. The community is not only comprised of present members, but also future members. Any decision by the Board of Directors to adopt a calculation method or funding plan which would disproportionately burden future members in order to make up for past reserve deficits, would be a breach of its fiduciary responsibility to those future members. Unlike individuals determining their own course of action, the board is responsible to the "community" as a whole.

Whereas, if the association was setting aside reserves for this purpose, using the vehicle of the regularly assessed membership dues, it would have had the full term of the life of the roof, for example, to accumulate the necessary moneys. Additionally, those contributions would have been evenly distributed over the entire membership and would have earned interest as part of that contribution.

The second option is for the association to **acquire a loan** from a lending institution in order to effect the required repairs. In many cases, banks will lend to an association using "future homeowner assessments" as collateral for the loan. With this method, the <u>current</u> board is pledging the <u>future</u> assets of an association. They are also incurring the additional expense of interest fees along with the original principal amount. In the case of a \$150,000 roofing replacement, the association may be required to pay back the loan over a three to five year period, with interest.

The third option, too often used, is simply to **defer the required repair or replacement**. This option, which is not recommended, can create an environment of declining property values due to expanding lists of deferred maintenance items and the association's financial inability to keep pace with the normal aging process of the common area components. This, in turn, can have a seriously negative impact on sellers in the association by making it difficult, or even impossible, for potential buyers to obtain financing from lenders. Increasingly, lending institutions are requesting copies of the association's most recent reserve study before granting loans, either for the association itself, a prospective purchaser, or for an individual within such an association.

The fourth option is to pass a "**special assessment**" to the membership in an amount required to cover the expenditure. When a special assessment is passed, the association has the authority and responsibility to collect the assessments, even by means of foreclosure, if necessary. However, an association considering a special assessment cannot guarantee that an assessment, when needed, will be passed. Consequently, the association cannot guarantee its ability to perform the required repairs or replacements to those major components for which it is obligated when the need arises. Additionally, while relatively new communities require very little in the way of major "reserve" expenditures, associations reaching 12 to 15 years of age and older, find many components reaching the end of their effective useful lives. These required expenditures, all accruing at the same time, could be devastating to an association's overall budget.

Types of Reserve Studies

Most reserve studies fit into one of three categories:

Full Reserve Study (level I);

Update with site inspection (level II); and

Update without site inspection (level III).

In a **Full Reserve Study**, the reserve provider conducts a component inventory, a condition assessment (based upon on-site visual observations), and life and valuation estimates to determine both a "fund status" and "funding plan".

In an **Update** <u>with</u> **site inspection**, the reserve provider conducts a component inventory (verification only, not quantification unless new components have been added to the inventory), a condition assessment (based upon on-site visual observations), and life and valuation estimates to determine both the "fund status and "funding plan."

In an **Update** <u>without</u> site inspection, the reserve provider conducts life and valuation estimates to determine the "fund status" and "funding plan."

The Reserve Study: A Physical and a Financial Analysis

There are two components of a reserve study: a physical analysis and a financial analysis.

Physical Analysis

During the physical analysis, a reserve study provider evaluates information regarding the physical status and repair/replacement cost of the association's major common area components. To do so, the provider conducts a component inventory, a condition assessment, and life and valuation estimates.

Developing a Component List

The budget process begins with full inventory of all the major components for which the association is responsible. The determination of whether an expense should be labeled as operational, reserve, or excluded altogether is sometimes subjective. Since this labeling may have a major impact on the financial plans of the association, subjective determinations should be minimized. We suggest the following considerations when labeling an expense.

Operational Expenses

Occur at least annually, no matter how large the expense, and can be effectively budgeted each year. They are characterized as being reasonably predictable, both in terms of frequency and cost. Operational expenses include all minor expenses, which would not otherwise adversely affect an operational budget from one year to the next. Examples of *operational expenses* include:

Utilities:Bank Service ChargesAccountingElectricityDues & PublicationsReserve StudyGasLicenses, Permits & FeesRepair Expenses:WaterInsurance(s)Tile Roof RepairsTelephoneServices:Equipment Repairs

Cable TV Landscaping Minor Concrete Repairs

Administrative: Pool Maintenance Operating Contingency

Supplies Street Sweeping

Reserve Expenses

These are major expenses that occur other than annually, and which must be budgeted in advance in order to ensure the availability of the necessary funds in time for their use. Reserve expenses are reasonably predictable both in terms of frequency and cost. However, they may include significant assets that have an indeterminable but potential liability that may be demonstrated as a likely occurrence. They are expenses that, when incurred, would have a significant effect on the smooth operation of the budgetary process from one year to the next, if they were not reserved in advance. Examples of reserve expenses include:

Roof Replacements Park/Play Equipment
Painting Pool/Spa Re-plastering

Deck Resurfacing Pool Equipment Replacement
Fencing Replacement Pool Furniture Replacement
Asphalt Seal Coating Tennis Court Resurfacing
Asphalt Repairs Lighting Replacement

Asphalt Overlays Insurance(s)
Equipment Replacement Reserve Study

Interior Furnishings

Budgeting is Normally Excluded for:

Repairs or replacements of assets which are deemed to have an estimated useful life equal to or exceeding the estimated useful life of the facility or community itself, or exceeding the legal life of the

community as defined in an association's governing documents. Examples include the complete replacement of elevators, tile roofs, wiring and plumbing. Also excluded are insignificant expenses that may be covered either by an operating or reserve contingency, or otherwise in a general maintenance fund. Expenses that are necessitated by acts of nature, accidents, or other occurrences that are more properly insured, rather than reserved, are also excluded.

Financial Analysis

The financial analysis assesses the association's reserve balance or "fund status" (measured in cash or as percent fully funded) to determine a recommendation for the appropriate reserve contribution rate in the future, known as the "funding plan."

Preparing the Reserve Study

Once the reserve assets have been identified and quantified, their respective replacement costs, useful lives, and remaining lives must be assigned so that a funding schedule can be constructed. Replacement costs and useful lives can be found in published manuals such as construction estimators, appraisal handbooks, and valuation guides. Remaining lives are calculated from the useful lives and ages of assets and adjusted according to conditions such as design, manufactured quality, usage, exposure to the elements, and maintenance history.

By following the recommendations of an effective reserve study, the association should avoid any major shortfalls. However, to remain accurate, the report should be updated on an annual basis to reflect such changes as shifts in economic parameters, additions of phases or assets, or expenditures of reserve funds. The association can assist in simplifying the reserve analysis update process by keeping accurate records of these changes throughout the year.

Funding Methods

From the simplest to the most complex, reserve analysis providers use many different computational processes to calculate reserve requirements. However, there are two basic processes identified as industry standards: the cash flow method and the component method.

The cash flow method develops a reserve-funding plan where contributions to the reserve fund are designed to offset the variable annual expenditures from the reserve fund. Different reserve funding plans are tested against the actual anticipated schedule of reserve expenses until the desired funding goal is achieved. This method sets up a "window" in which all future anticipated replacement costs are computed, based upon the individual lives of the components under consideration. The Reserve Funding® Threshold and the Reserve Funding® Current Assessment funding models are based upon the cash flow method.

The component method develops a reserve-funding plan where the total contribution is based upon the sum of contributions for individual components. The component method is the more conservative of the two funding options, and assures that the association will achieve and maintain an ideal level of reserve over time. This method also allows for computations on individual components in the analysis. The Reserve Funding® Component Funding model is based upon the component methodology.

Funding Strategies

Once an association has established its funding goals, the association can select an appropriate funding plan. There are four basic strategies from which most associations select. It is recommended that associations consult professionals to determine the best strategy or combination of plans that best suit the association's need. Additionally, associations should consult with their financial advisor to determine the tax implications of selecting a particular plan. Further, consultation with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) for their reporting requirements is advisable. The four funding plans and descriptions of each are detailed below. Associations will have to update their

reserve studies more or less frequently depending on the funding strategy they select.

Full Funding---Given that the basis of funding for reserves is to distribute the costs of the replacements over the lives of the components in question, it follows that the ideal level of reserves would be proportionately related to those lives and costs. If an association has a component with an expected estimated useful life of ten years, it would set aside approximately one-tenth of the replacement cost each year. At the end of three years, one would expect three-tenths of the replacement cost to have accumulated, and if so, that component would be "fully-funded." This model is important in that it is a measure of the adequacy of an association's reserves at any one point of time, and is independent of any particular method which may have been used for past funding or may be under consideration for future funding. This formula represents a snapshot in time and is based upon current replacement cost, independent of future inflationary or investment factors:

Fully Funded Reserves = **Age** <u>divided by</u> **Useful Life** <u>the results multiplied by</u> **Current Replacement Cost**

When an association's total accumulated reserves for all components meet this criterion, its reserves are considered "fully-funded."

The Reserve Studies by RF[®] **Threshold Funding Model (Minimum Funding)**. The goal of this funding method is to keep the reserve cash balance above zero. This means that while each individual component may not be fully funded, the reserve balance overall does not drop below zero during the projected period. An association using this funding method must understand that even a minor reduction in a component's remaining useful life can result in a deficit in the reserve cash balance.

The Reserves Studies by Reserve Funding[®] **Threshold Funding Model.** This method is based upon the cash flow funding concept. The minimum reserve cash balance in threshold funding, however, is set at a predetermined dollar amount (other than \$0).

The Reserve Studies by RF® **Current Assessment Funding Model**. This method is also based upon the cash flow funding concept. The initial reserve assessment is set at the association's current fiscal year funding level and a 30-year projection is calculated to illustrate the adequacy of the current funding over time.

The Reserve Studies by RF[®] Component Funding Model. This is a straight-line funding model. It distributes the cash reserves to individual reserve components and then calculates what the reserve assessment and interest contribution (minus taxes) should be, again by each reserve component. The current annual assessment is then determined by summing all the individual component assessments, hence the name "Component Funding Model". This is the most conservative funding model. It leads to or maintains the fully funded reserve position. The following details this calculation process.

Component Funding Model Distribution of Accumulated Reserves

The "Distribution of Accumulated Reserves Report" is a "Component Funding Model" calculation. This distribution <u>does not</u> apply to the cash flow funding models.

When calculating reserves based upon the component methodology, a beginning reserve balance must be allocated for each of the individual components considered in the analysis, before the individual calculations can be completed. When this distribution is not available, or of sufficient detail, the following method is suggested for allocating reserves:

The first step the program performs in this process is subtracting, from the total accumulated reserves, any amounts for assets that have predetermined (fixed) reserve balances. The user can "fix" the accumulated reserve balance within the program on the individual asset's detail page. If, by error, these amounts total more than the amount of funds available, then the remaining assets are adjusted accordingly. A provision for a contingency reserve is then deducted by the determined percentage used, and if there are sufficient remaining funds available.

The second step is to identify the ideal level of reserves for each asset. As indicated in the prior section, this is accomplished by evaluating the component's age proportionate to its estimated useful life and current replacement cost. Again, the equation used is as follows:

Fully Funded Reserves = (Age/Useful Life) x Current Replacement Cost

The Reserve Studies by RF software program performs the above calculations to the actual month the component was placed-in-service. The program projects that the accumulation of necessary reserves for repairs or replacements will be available on the first day of the fiscal year in which they are scheduled to occur.

The next step the program performs is to arrange all of the assets used in the study in ascending order by remaining life, and alphabetically within each grouping of remaining life items. These assets are then assigned their respective ideal level of reserves until the amount of funds available is depleted, or until all assets are appropriately funded. If any assets are assigned a zero remaining life (scheduled for replacement in the current fiscal year), then the amount assigned equals the current replacement cost and funding begins for the next cycle of replacement. If there are insufficient funds available to accomplish this, then the software automatically adjusts the zero remaining life items to one year, and that asset assumes its new grouping position alphabetically in the final printed report.

If, at the completion of this task, there are additional moneys that have not been distributed, the remaining reserves are then assigned, in ascending order, to a level equal to, but not exceeding, the current replacement cost for each component. If there are sufficient moneys available to fund all assets at their current replacement cost levels, then any excess funds are designated as such and are not factored into any of the report computations. If, at the end of this assignment process there are designated excess funds, they can be used to offset the monthly contribution requirements recommended or used in any other manner the client may desire.

Assigning the reserves in this manner defers the make-up period for any under-funding over the longest remaining life of all assets under consideration, thereby minimizing the impact of any deficiency. For example, if the report indicates an under funding of \$50,000, this under-funding will be assigned to components with the longest remaining lives in order to give more time to "replenish" the account. If the \$50,000 under-funding were to be assigned to short remaining life items, the impact would be felt immediately.

If the reserves are under-funded, the monthly contribution requirements, as outlined in this report, can be expected to be higher than normal. In future years, as individual assets are replaced, the funding requirements will return to their normal levels. In the case of a large deficiency, a special assessment may be considered. The program can easily generate revised reports outlining how the monthly contributions would be affected by such an adjustment, or by any other changes that may be under consideration.

Funding Reserves

Three assessment and contribution figures are provided in the report, the "Monthly Reserve Assessment Required", the "Average Net Monthly Interest Earned" contribution and the "Total Monthly Allocation to Reserves." The association should allocate the "Monthly Reserve Assessment Required" amount to reserves each month when the interest earned on the reserves is left in the reserve accounts as part of the contribution. Any interest earned on reserve deposits, must be left in the reserve account.

Users' Guide to your Reserve Analysis Study

Part II of your Reserve Studies by RF[®] Report contains the reserve analysis study for your association. There are seven types of reports in the study as described below.

Report Summaries

The Report Summary for all funding models lists all of the parameters that were used in calculating the report as well as the summary of your reserve analysis study.

Index Reports

The **Distribution of Accumulated Reserves** report lists all assets in remaining life order. It also identifies the ideal level of reserves that should have accumulated for the association as well as the actual reserves available. This information is valid only for the "Component Funding Model" calculation

The **Component Listing/Summary** lists all assets by category (i.e. roofing, painting, lighting, etc.) together with their remaining life, current cost, monthly reserve contribution, and net monthly allocation.

Detail Reports

The Detail Report itemizes each asset and lists all measurements, current and future costs, and calculations for that asset. Provisions for percentage replacements, salvage values, and one-time replacements can also be utilized. These reports can be sorted by category or group.

The numerical listings for each asset are enhanced by extensive narrative detailing factors such as design, manufactured quality, usage, exposure to elements and maintenance history.

The Reserve Studies by RF[®] Detail Index is an alphabetical listing of all assets, together with the page number of the asset's detail report, the projected replacement year, and the asset number.

Projections

Thirty-year projections add to the usefulness of your reserve analysis study.

Definitions

Report I.D.

Includes the Report Date (example: June 19, 2006), Account Number (example: 9773), and Version (example: 1.0). Please use this information (displayed on the summary page) when referencing your report.

Budget Year Beginning/Ending

The budgetary year for which the report is prepared. For associations with fiscal years ending December 31st, the monthly contribution figures indicated are for the 12-month period beginning 1/1/20xx and ending 12/31/20xx.

Number of Units and/or Phases

If applicable, the number of units and/or phases included in this version of the report.

Inflation

This figure (information taken from "Inflationdata.com" is used to approximate the future cost to repair or replace each component in the report. The current cost for each component is compounded on an annual basis by the number of remaining years to replacement, and the total is used in calculating the monthly reserve contribution that will be necessary to accumulate the required funds in time for replacement.

Annual Assessment Increase

This represents the percentage rate at which the association will increase its assessment to reserves at the end of each year. For example, in order to accumulate \$10,000 in 10 years, you could set aside \$1,000 per year. As an alternative, you could set aside \$795 the first year and increase that amount by 5% each year until the year of replacement. In either case you arrive at the same amount. The idea is that you start setting aside a lower amount and increase that number each year in accordance with the planned percentage. Ideally this figure should be equal to the rate of inflation. It can, however, be used to aide those associations that have not set aside appropriate reserves in the past, by making the initial year's allocation less formidable.

Investment Yield Before Taxes

The average interest rate anticipated by the association based upon its current investment practices.

Taxes on Interest Yield

The estimated percentage of interest income that will be set aside to pay income taxes on the interest earned.

Projected Reserve Balance

The anticipated reserve balance on the first day of the fiscal year for which this report has been prepared. This is based upon information provided and not audited.

Percent Fully Funded

The ratio, at the beginning of the fiscal year, of the actual (or projected) reserve balance to the calculated fully funded balance, expressed as a percentage.

Phase Increment Detail and/or Age

Comments regarding aging of the components on the basis of construction date or date of acceptance by the association.

Monthly Assessment

The assessment to reserves required by the association each month.

Interest Contribution (After Taxes)

The interest that should be earned on the reserves, net of taxes, based upon their beginning reserve balance and monthly contributions for one year. This figure is averaged for budgeting purposes.

Total Monthly Allocation

The sum of the monthly assessment and interest contribution figures.

Group and Category

The report may be prepared and sorted either by group (location, building, phase, etc.) or by category (roofing, painting, etc.). The standard report printing format is by category.

Percentage of Replacement or Repairs

In some cases, an asset may not be replaced in its entirety or the cost may be shared with a second party. Examples are budgeting for a percentage of replacement of streets over a period of time, or sharing the expense to replace a common wall with a neighboring party.

Placed-In-Service Date

The month and year that the asset was placed-in-service. This may be the construction date, the first escrow closure date in a given phase, or the date of the last servicing or replacement.

Estimated Useful Life

The estimated useful life of an asset based upon industry standards, manufacturer specifications, visual inspection, location, usage, association standards and prior history. All of these factors are taken into consideration when tailoring the estimated useful life to the particular asset. For example, the carpeting in a hallway or elevator (a heavy traffic area) will not have the same life as the identical carpeting in a seldom-used meeting room or office.

Adjustment to Useful Life

Once the useful life is determined, it may be adjusted, up or down, by this separate figure for the current cycle of replacement. This will allow for a current period adjustment without affecting the estimated replacement cycles for future replacements.

Estimated Remaining Life

This calculation is completed internally based upon the report's fiscal year date and the date the asset was placed-in-service.

Replacement Year

The year that the asset is scheduled to be replaced. The appropriate funds will be available by the first day of the fiscal year for which replacement is anticipated.

Annual Fixed Reserves

An optional figure which, if used, will override the normal process of allocating reserves to each asset.

Fixed Assessment

An optional figure which, if used, will override all calculations and set the assessment at this amount. This assessment can be set for monthly, quarterly or annually as necessary.

Salvage Value

The salvage value of the asset at the time of replacement, if applicable.

One-Time Replacement

Notation if the asset is to be replaced on a one-time basis.

Current Replacement Cost

The estimated replacement cost effective at the beginning of the fiscal year for which the report is being prepared

Future Replacement Cost

The estimated cost to repair or replace the asset at the end of its estimated useful life based upon the current replacement cost and inflation.

Component Inventory

The task of selecting and qualifying reserve components. This task can be accomplished through on-site visual, review of association design and organizational documents, a review of established association precedents, and discussion with appropriate association representative(s).

A Multi-Purpose Tool

Your Reserve Studies by RF[®] Report is an important part of your association's budgetary process. Following its recommendations should ensure the association's smooth budgetary transitions from one fiscal year to the next, and either decrease or eliminate the need for "special assessments".

In addition, your Reserve Studies by RF[®] reserve study serves a variety of useful purposes:

- Following the recommendations of a reserve study performed by a professional consultant can protect the Board of Directors in a community from personal liability concerning reserve components and reserve funding.
- A reserve analysis study is required by your accountant during the preparation of the association's annual audit.
- The Reserve Studies by RF[©] reserve study is often requested by lending institutions during the process of loan applications, both for the community and, in many cases, the individual owners.
- Your Reserve Studies by RF® Report is also a detailed inventory of the association's major assets and serves as a management tool for scheduling, coordinating and planning future repairs and replacements.
- Your Reserve Studies by RF® Report is a tool that can assist the Board in fulfilling its legal and fiduciary obligations for maintaining the community in a state of good repair. If a community is operating on a special assessment basis, it cannot guarantee that an assessment, when needed, will be passed. Therefore, it cannot guarantee its ability to perform the required repairs or replacements to those major components for which the association is obligated.
- Since the Reserve Studies by RF® reserve analysis study includes measurements and cost estimates of the client's assets, the detail reports may be used to evaluate the accuracy and price of contractor bids when assets are due to be repaired or replaced.
- The Reserve Studies by RF[®] reserve study is an annual disclosure to the membership concerning the financial condition of the association and may be used as a "consumers' guide" by prospective purchasers.
- The Reserve Studies by RF[®] Owners' Summary meets the disclosure requirements of the California Civil Code 5500 and also the recently adopted ECHO standards.
- Your Reserve Studies by RF® Report provides a record of the time, cost, and quantities of past reserve replacements. At times the association's management company and board of directors are transitory which may result in the loss of these important records.

Assessment and Reserve Funding Disclosure Summary for the Fiscal Year Ending 2020

(1) The regular assessment per ownership interest is \$3,340.50 per Month. Note: If assessments vary by	y the size or type
of ownership interest, the assessment applicable to this ownership interest may be found on page	of the attached
summary.	

(2) Additional regular or special assessments that have already been scheduled to be imposed or charged, regardless of the purpose, if they have been approved by the board and/or members:

Date Assessment Will Be Due:	Amount Per Ownership Interest Per Month or Year (If Assessments Are Variable, See	Purpose Of The Assessment:
	Note Immediately Below):	
	None	
	None	
	None	
	Total:	

Note: If assessments vary by the size or type of ownership interest, the assessment applicable to this ownership interest may be found on page _____ of the attached report.

(3) Based upon the most recent reserve study and other information available to the board of directors, will curre	ently
projected reserve account balances be sufficient at the end of each year to meet the association's obligation for re-	epair
and/or replacement of major components during the next 30 years?	

Yes	No	
1 03	110	

(4) If the answer to (3) is no, what additional assessments or other contributions to reserves would be necessary to ensure that sufficient reserve funds will be available each year during the next 30 years that have not yet been approved by the board or the members?

Approximate Date Assessment Will Be Due:	Amount Per Ownership Interest Per Month or Year:
	•
	Total:

(5) All major components are included in the reserve study and are included in its calculations.

(6) Based on the method of calculation in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 5570, the estimated amount required				
in the reserve fund at the end of the current fiscal year is \$350,652, based in whole or in part on the last reserve study or				
update prepared by as of (month), (year). The projected reserve fund cash balance at the end of the				
current fiscal year is \$154,987, resulting in reserves being 47% percent funded at this date.				

If an alternate, but generally accepted, method of calculation is also used, the required reserve amount is \$_____. (See attached explanation)

(7) Based on the method of calculation in paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 5570 of the Civil Code, the estimated amount required in the reserve fund at the end of each of the next five budget years is:

Year	Estimated Reserve	Projected Reserve Fund	Percent Funded
	Amount Required	Balance	
2020	\$329,917	\$154,987	47%
2021	\$372,041	\$192,179	52%
2022	\$398,122	\$213,043	54%
2023	\$424,408	\$233,843	55%
2024	\$449,537	\$253,163	56%

If the reserve funding plan approved by the association is implemented, the projected reserve fund cash balance in each of

those years will be:

Year	Projected Reserve Fund Balance	Percent Funded
2020	\$154,987	47%
2021	\$192,179	52%
2022	\$213,043	54%
2023	\$233,843	55%
2024	\$253,163	56%

Note: The financial representations set forth in this summary are based on the best estimates of the preparer at that time. The estimates are subject to change. At the time this summary was prepared, the assumed long-term before-tax interest rate earned on reserve funds was 0% percent per year, and the assumed long-term inflation rate to be applied to major component repair and replacement costs was 3% percent per year.

- (b) For the purposes of preparing a summary pursuant to this section:
- (1) "Estimated remaining useful life" means the time reasonably calculated to remain before a major component will require replacement.
- (2) "Major component" has the meaning used in Section 55530. Components with an estimated remaining useful life of more than 30 years may be included in a study as a capital asset or disregarded from the reserve calculation, so long as the decision is revealed in the reserve study report and reported in the Assessment and Reserve Funding Disclosure Summary.
- (3) The form set out in subdivision (a) shall accompany each annual budget report or summary thereof that is delivered pursuant to **Section 5300**. The form may be supplemented or modified to clarify the information delivered, so long as the minimum information set out in subdivision (a) is provided.
- (4) For the purpose of the report and summary, the amount of reserves needed to be accumulated for a component at a given time shall be computed as the current cost of replacement or repair multiplied by the number of years the component has been in service divided by the useful life of the component. This shall not be construed to require the board to fund reserves in accordance with this calculation.